

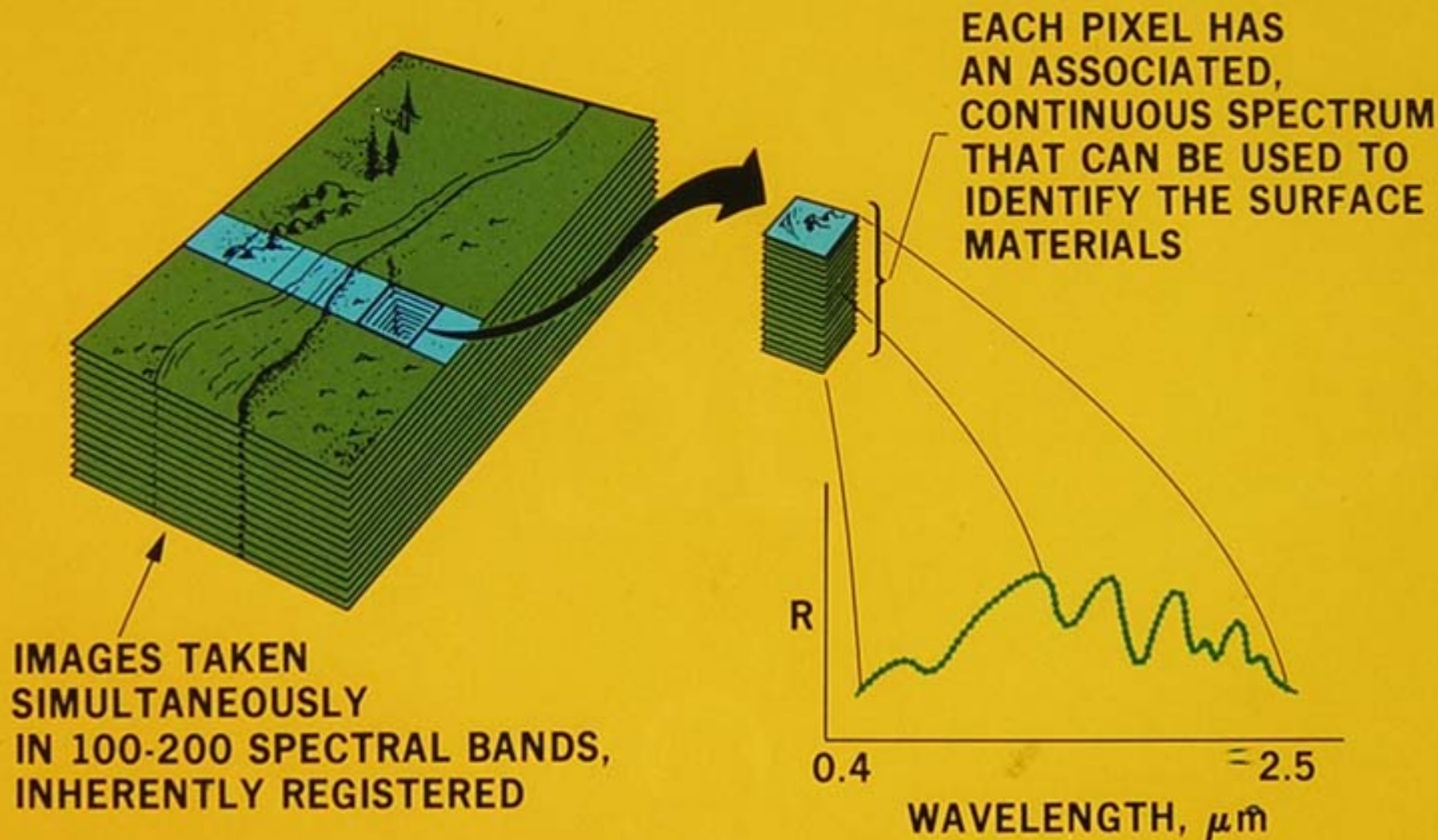
# Twenty-Seven Years of Imaging Spectrometry of the Earth

Alexander F. H. Goetz  
Analytical Spectral Devices Inc., Boulder  
August 2, 2006

# Content

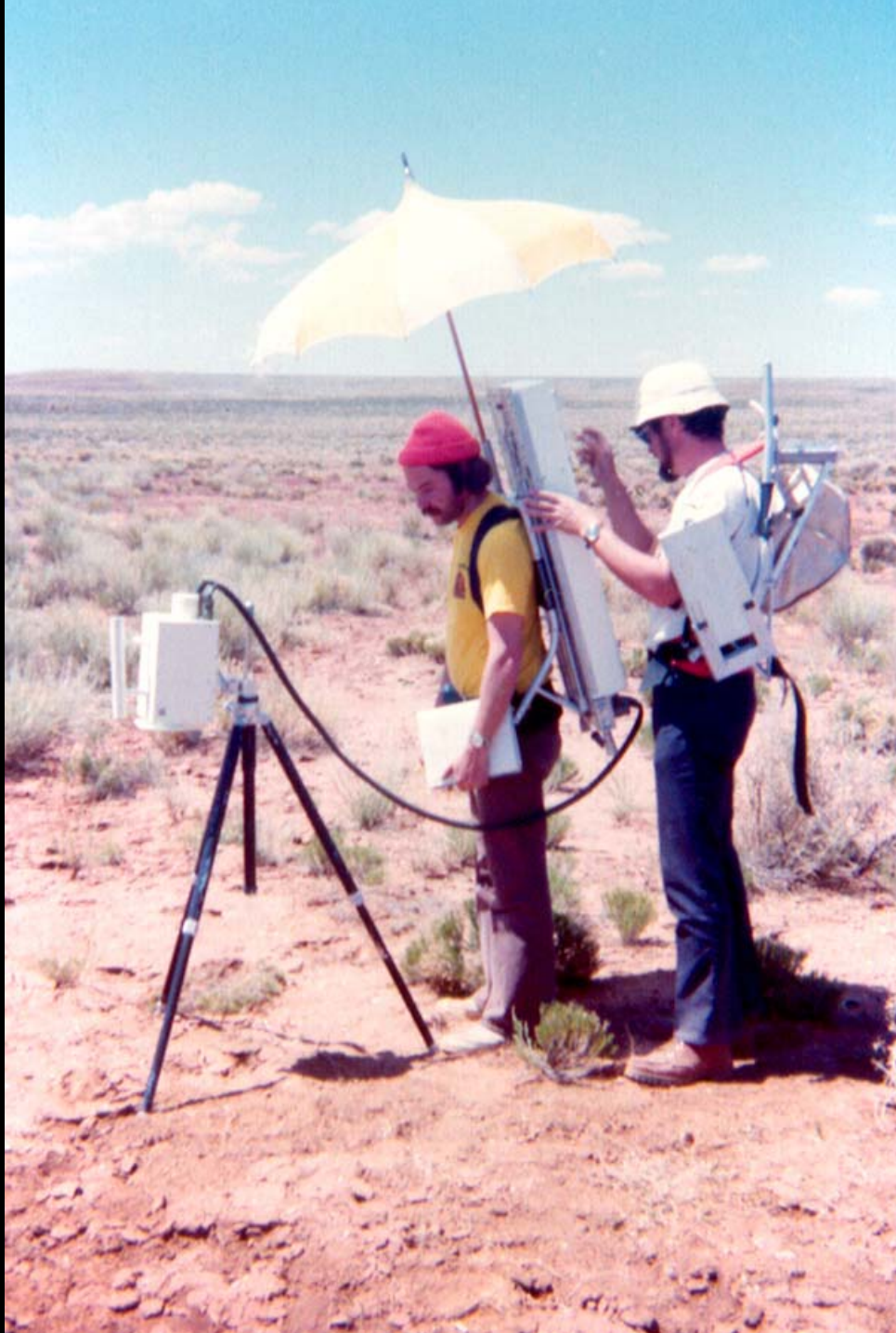
- How did it start?
- What were the drivers?
  - Science
  - Technology
- Development milestones
- Politics

# IMAGING SPECTROMETRY CONCEPT



# Field Spectroscopy

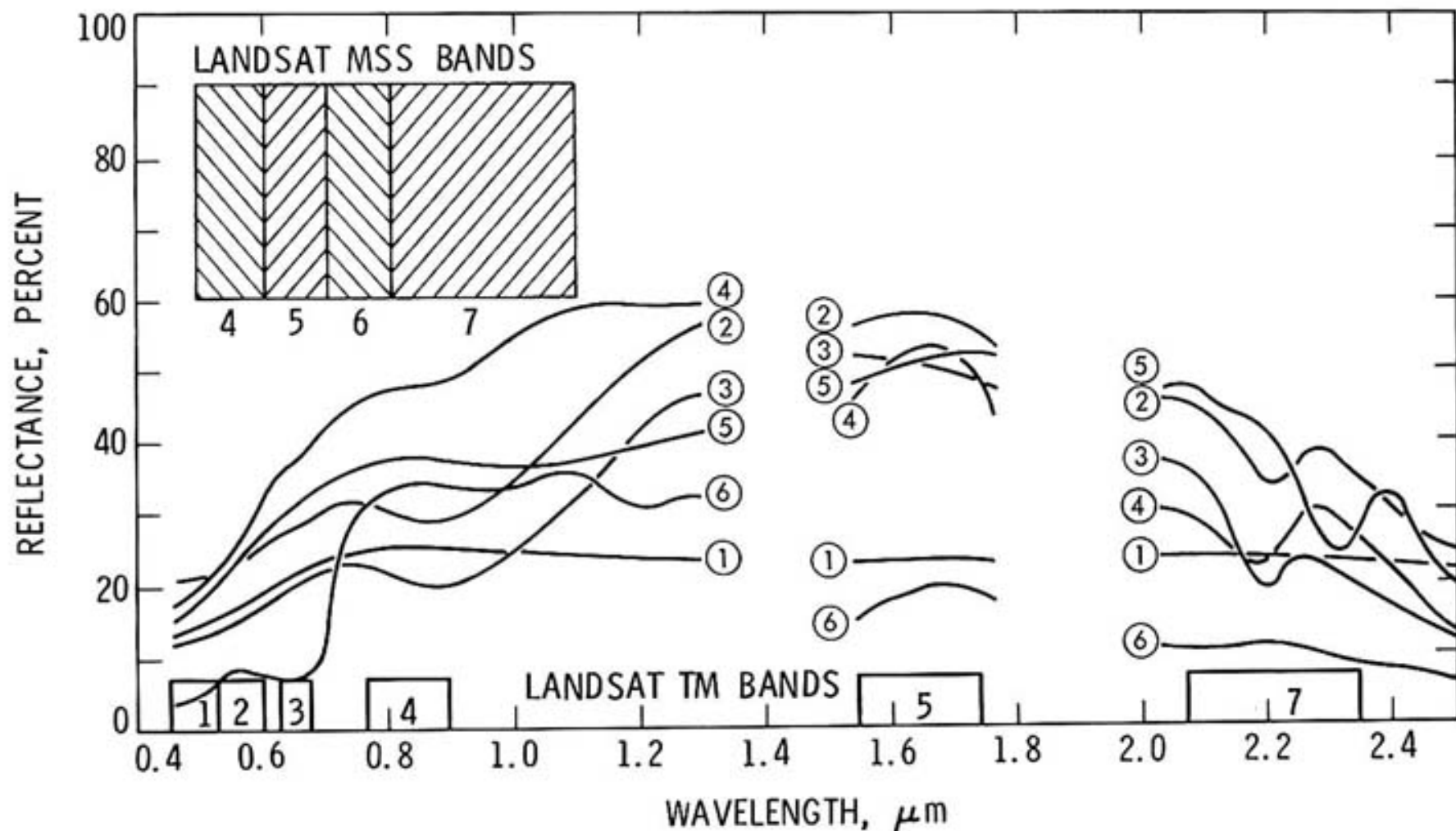
- Started it all
- Advances in instrumentation made on a decadal time scale
- We were way ahead of our time



PFRS  
1974

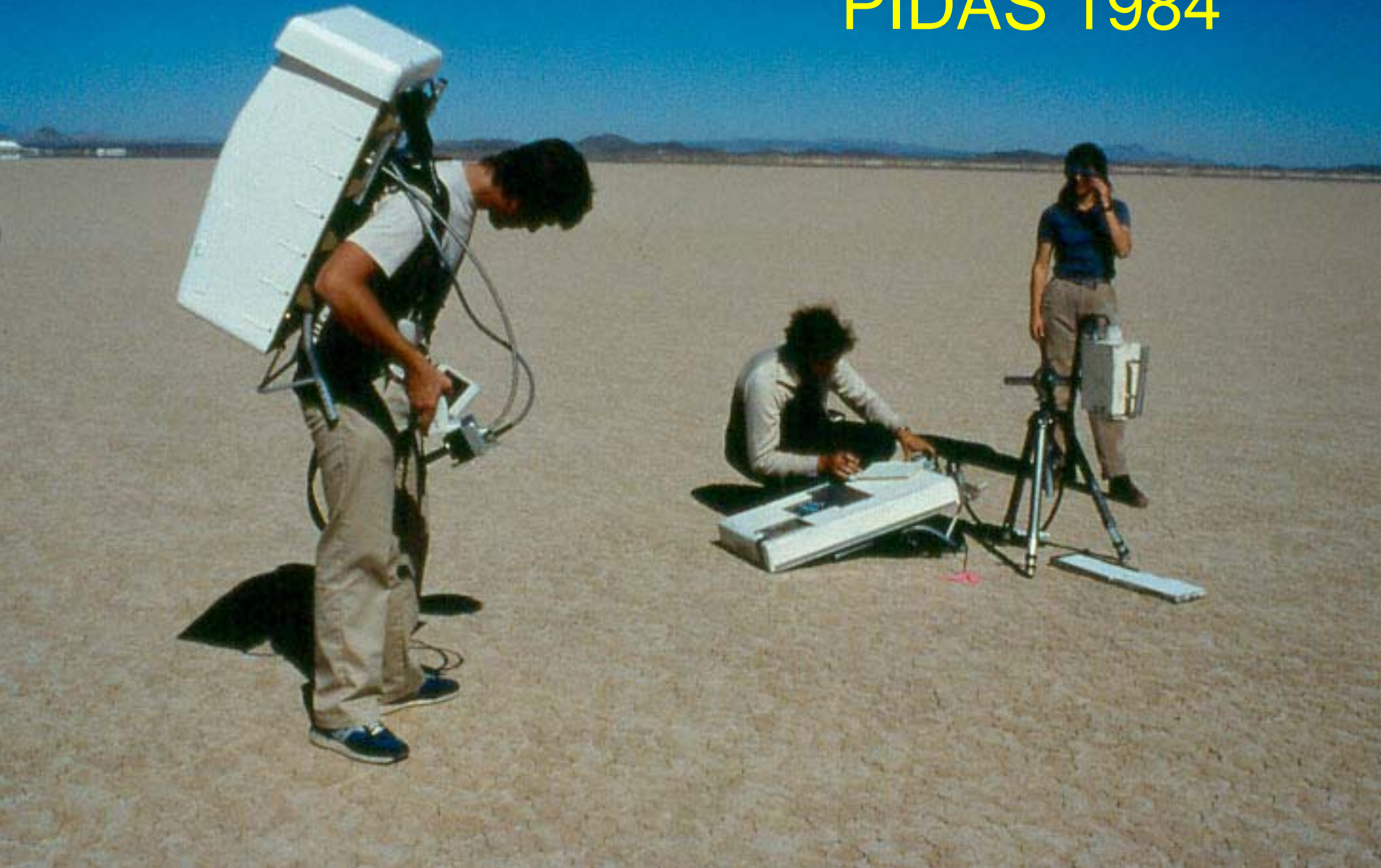


# SPECTRAL REFLECTANCE OF ALTERATION MINERALS AND VEGETATION





# PIDAS 1984





PS-II  
1991



FieldSpec FR 1995





FieldSpec Pro 2004









FS3  
2006

“Look Ma,  
no wires!”





# Historically Critical Developments

- Science drivers
  - Qualitative nature of multispectral imaging
  - Need for mineralogical identification
- Technology
  - Detectors
  - Optics
  - Platforms
  - Calibration

# Critical Developments (2)

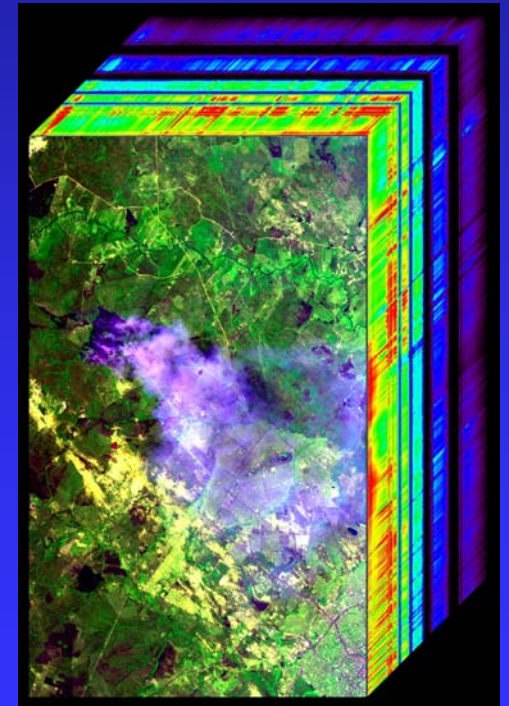
- Equipment
  - Computing hardware advances
  - Commercially available field spectrometers
- Data analysis
  - Software
    - Atmospheric correction
    - Commercially available analysis packages

# Milestones in Earth Imaging Spectroscopy

- 1974 PFRS, JPL
- 1979 First composite detector, HgCdTe on Si, North American (Rockwell)
- 1981 SMIRR flight on STS-2
- 1983 AIS flight over Cuprite, NV
- 1984 Buddingtonite discovery at Cuprite
- 1986 Science paper, Goetz, et al.

# Milestones (2)

- 1986 GER Imaging Spectrometer
- 1987 AVIRIS
- HIRIS proposed for EOS
- 1989 ITRES CASI
- 1989 First image cube
- 1992 SIPS



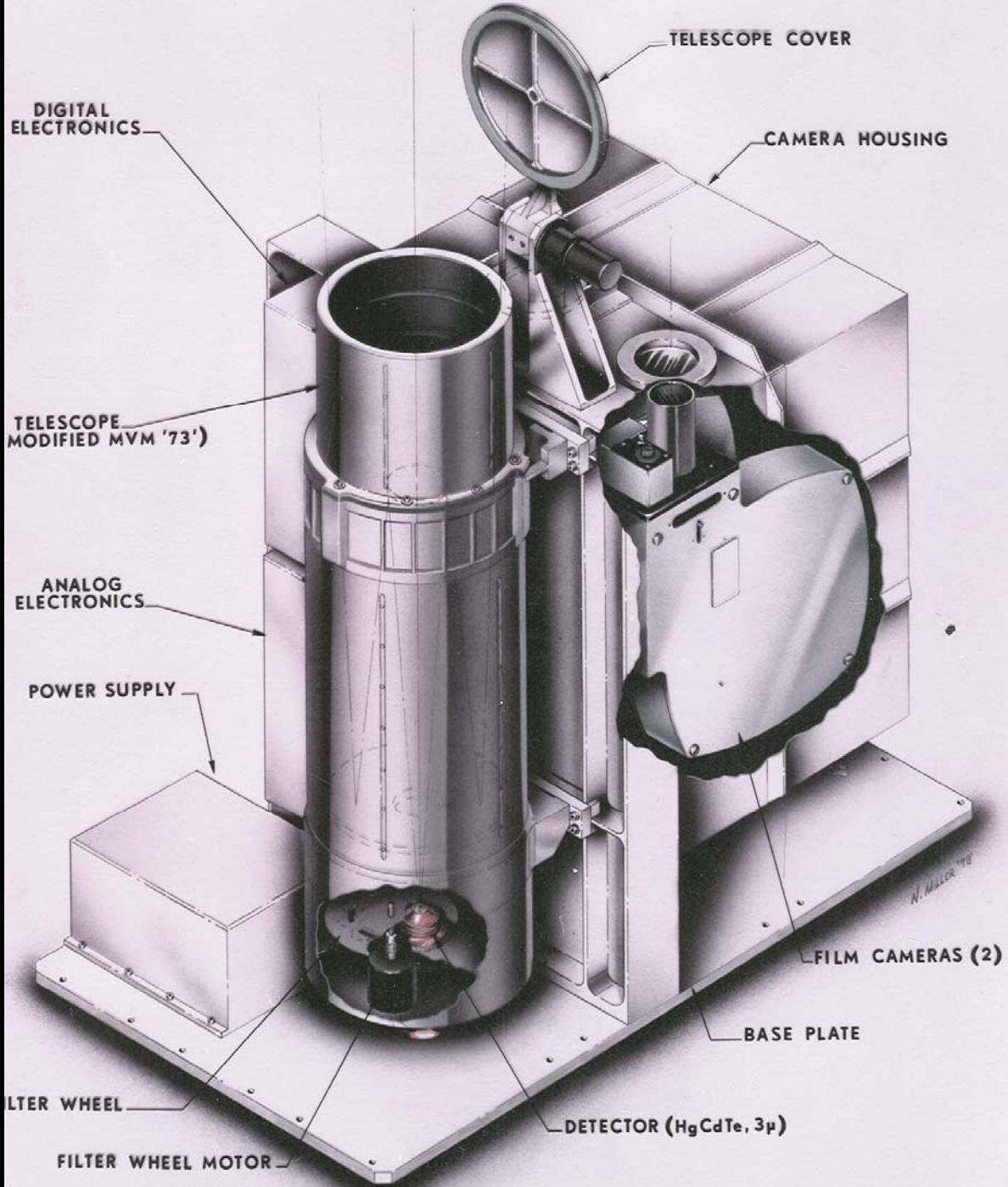


# Milestones (3)

- 1993 ATREM
- 1994 ENVI
- 1995 FieldSpec
- 2000 Hyperion on EO-1
- 2005 M<sup>3</sup> approved
- 2006 EnMAP in Phase B

# Selling Spectroscopy from Orbit

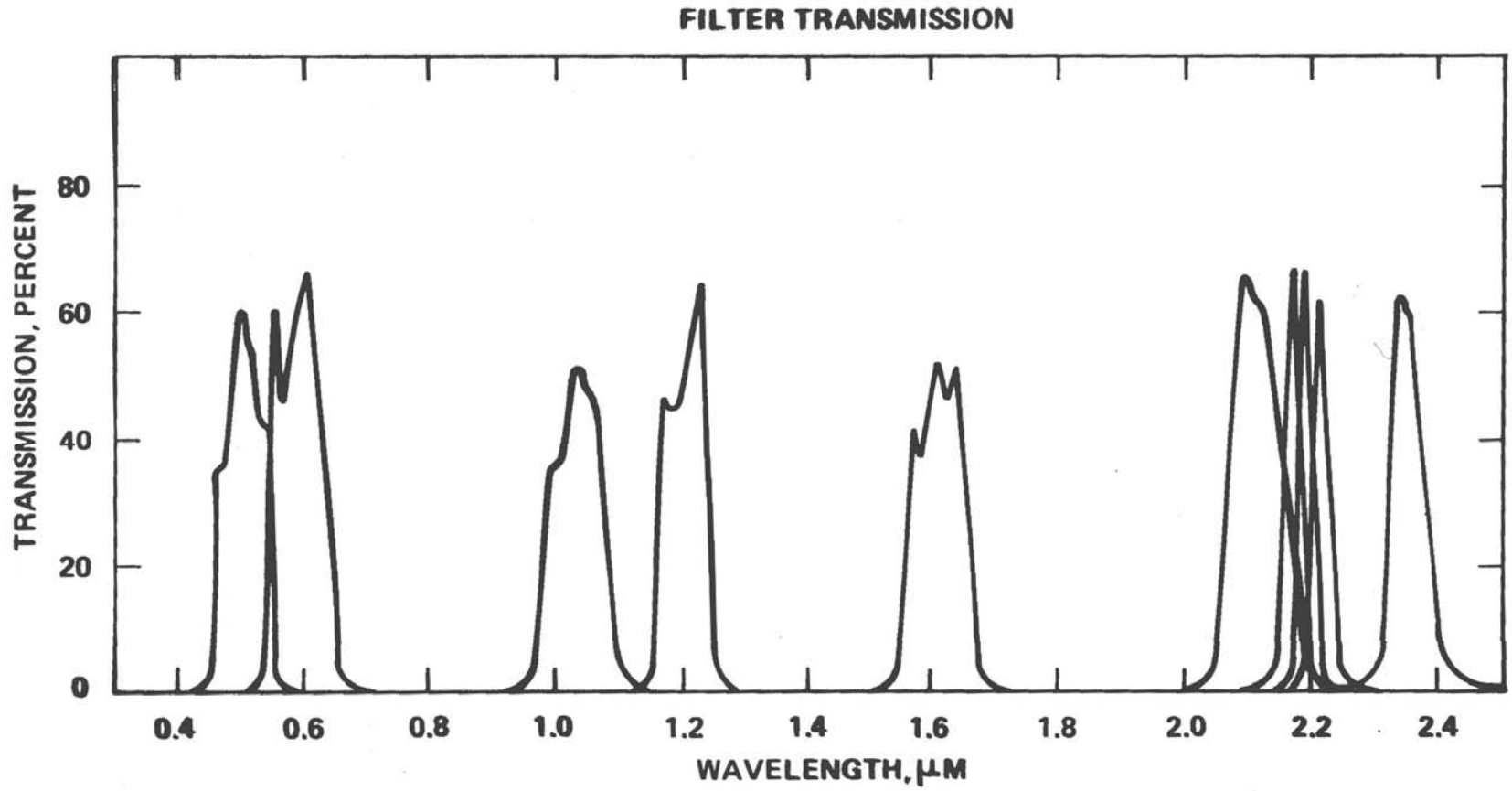
- Shuttle Multispectral Infrared Radiometer (SMIRR)
- Flew on STS-2 in 1981 along with SIR-A and 3 other instruments



SMIRR



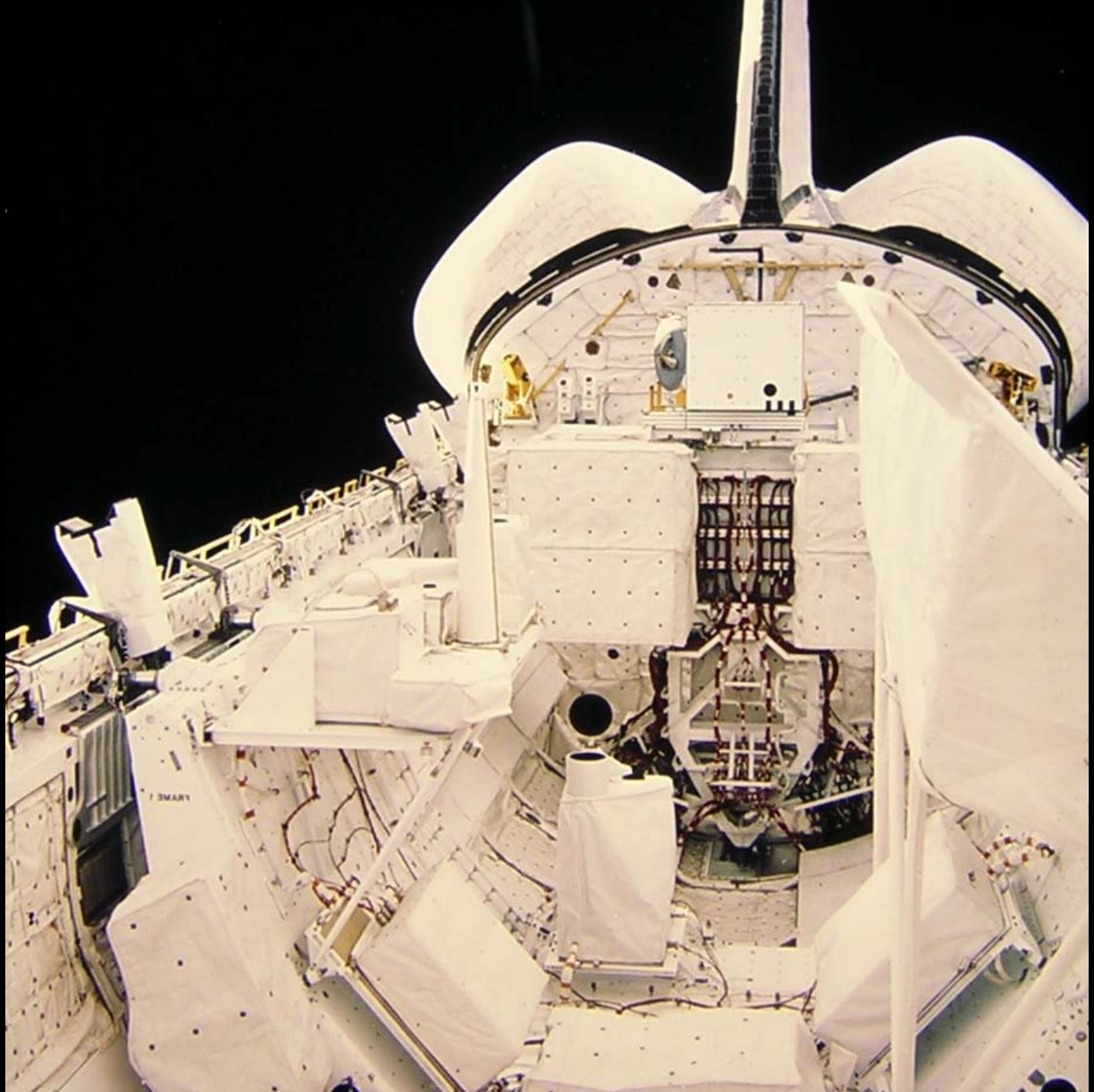
# SMIRR FILTERS

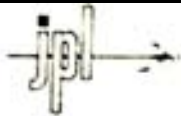






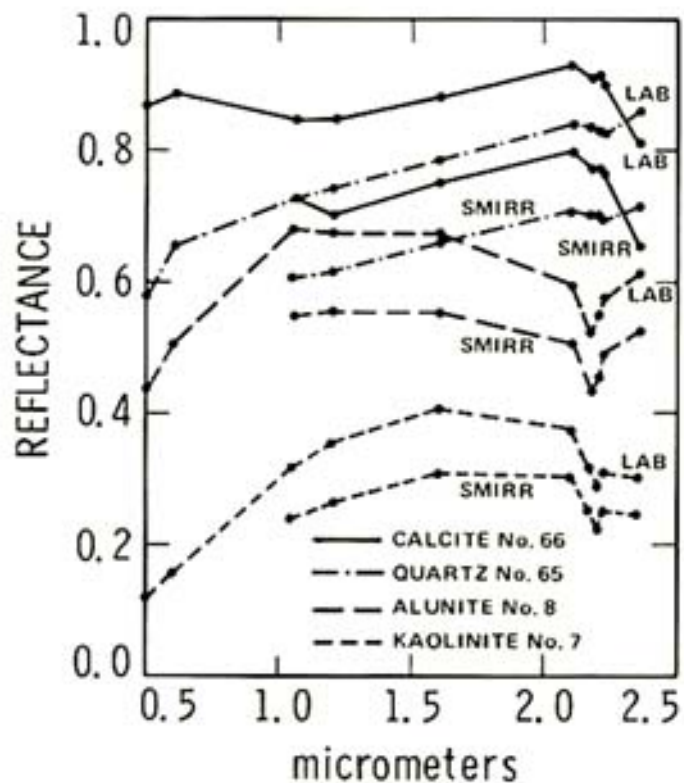




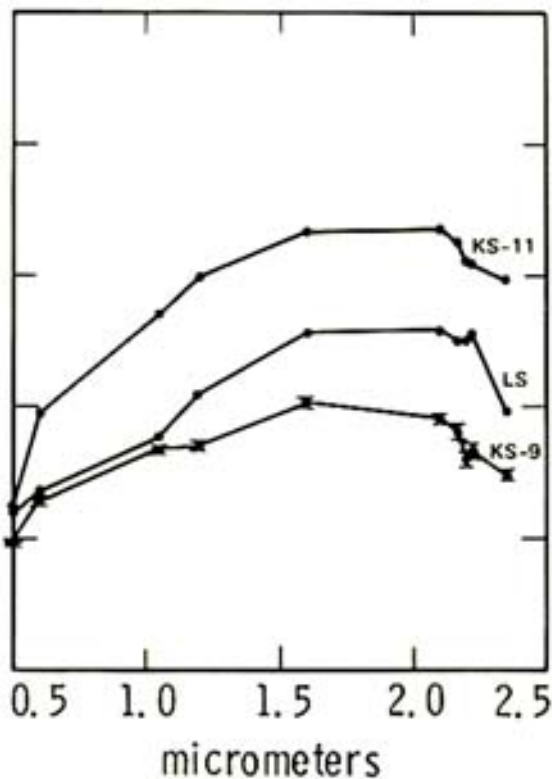


# SMIRR RESULTS

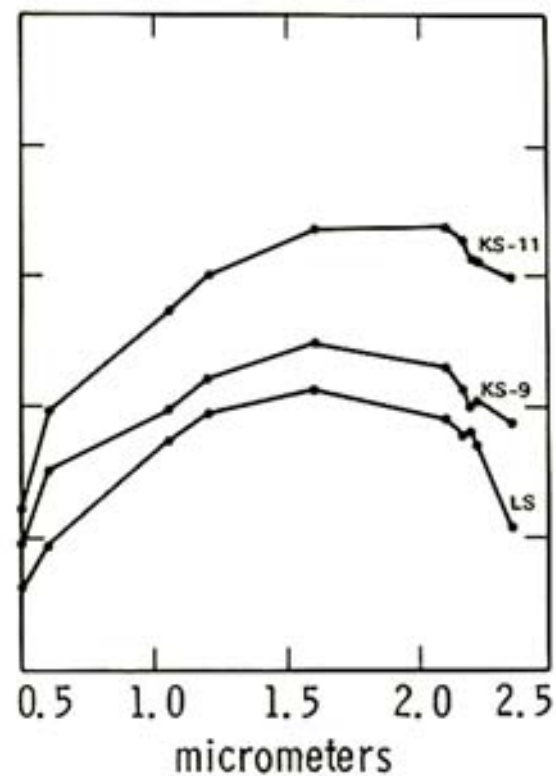
## PREFLIGHT MEASUREMENTS



## ORBITAL MEASUREMENTS, EGYPT

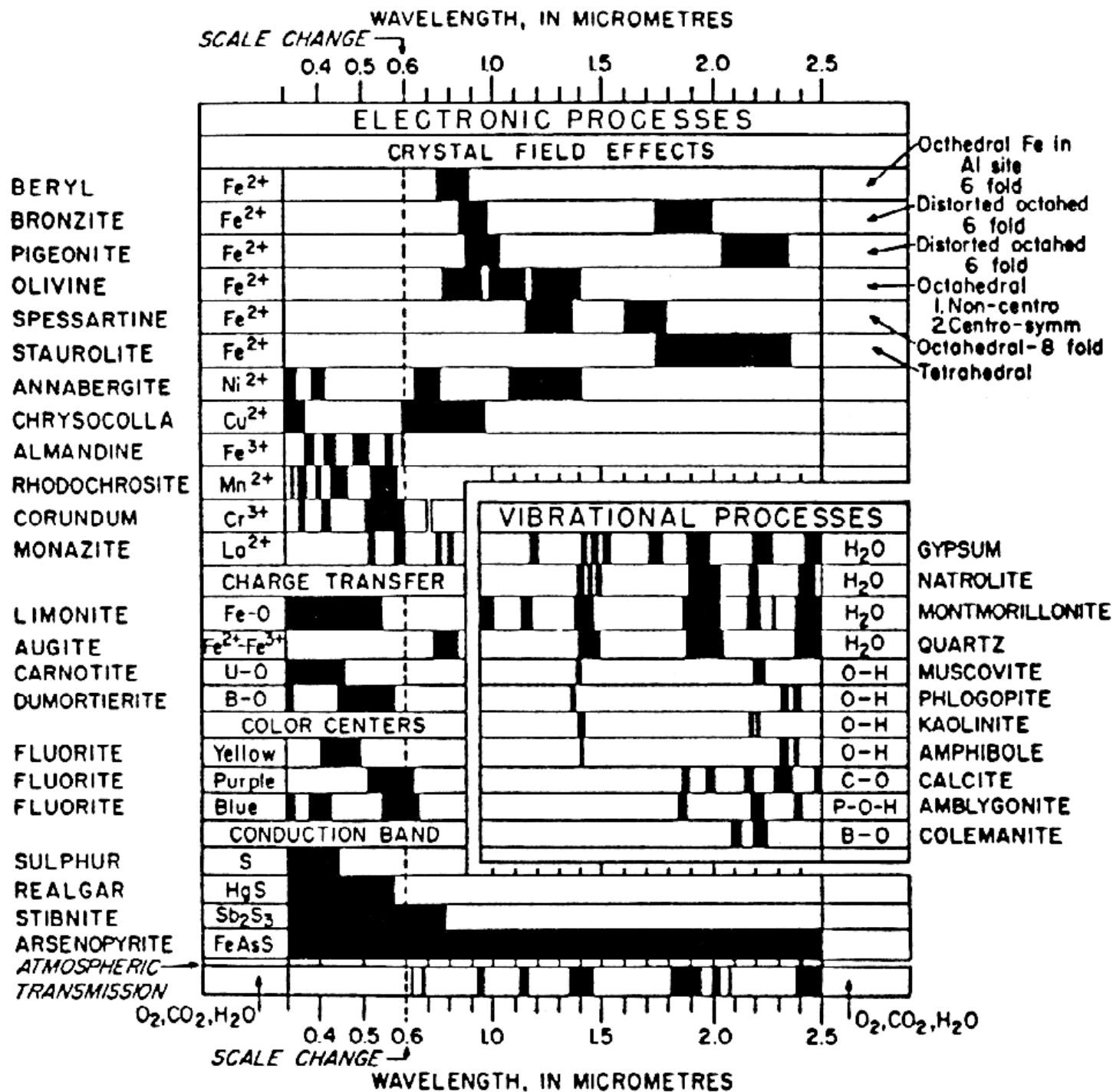


## LAB MEASUREMENTS, EGYPT SAMPLES



# Wavelength Range

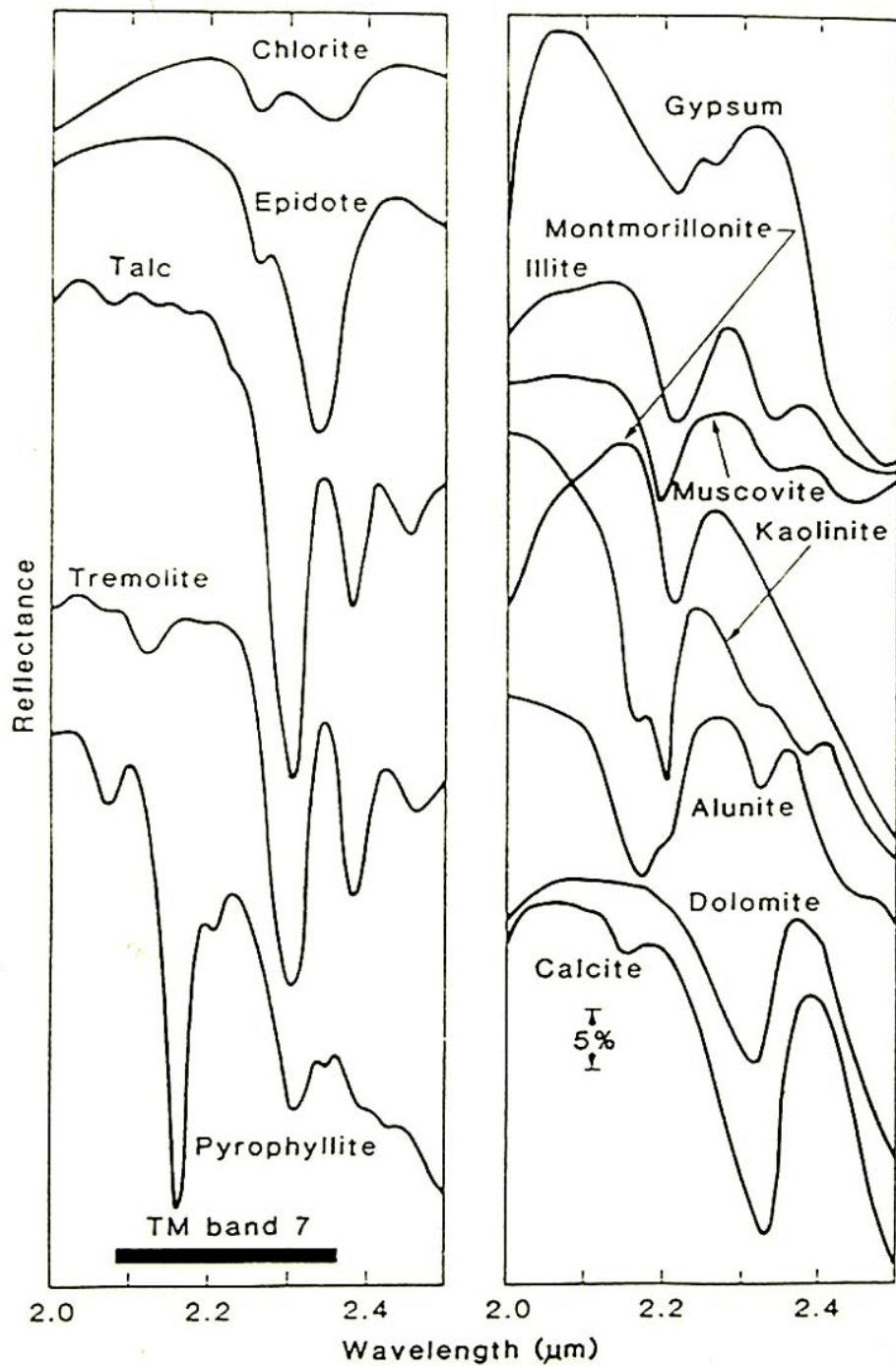
- 0.4 – 2.5  $\mu\text{m}$  based on
  - Hunt diagram
  - Solar output crossover
  - Atmospheric transmission
  - Available detectors



# Spectral Resolution Requirement

- Based on the FWHM of pyrophyllite
- Two samples per resolution element led to the 10 nm “resolution” value





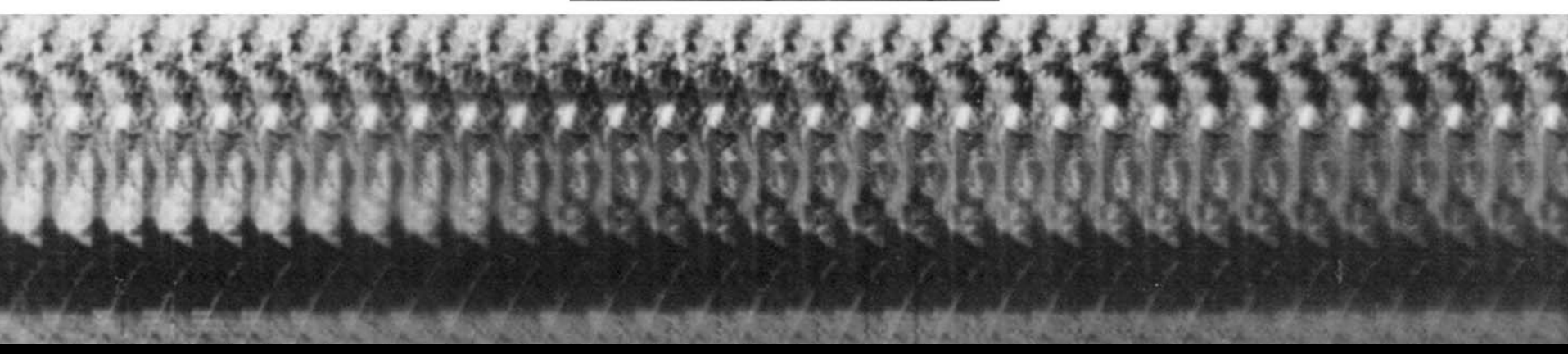
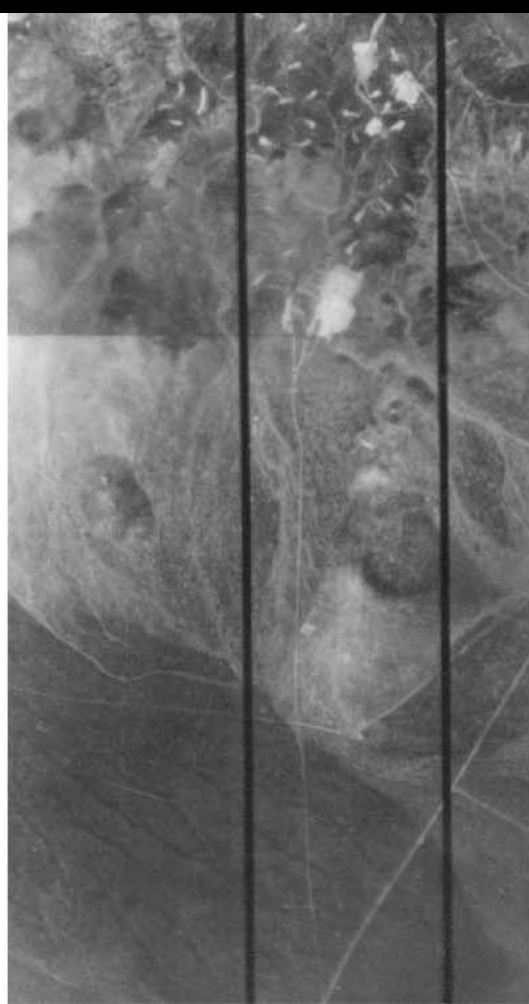
# AIS 1983



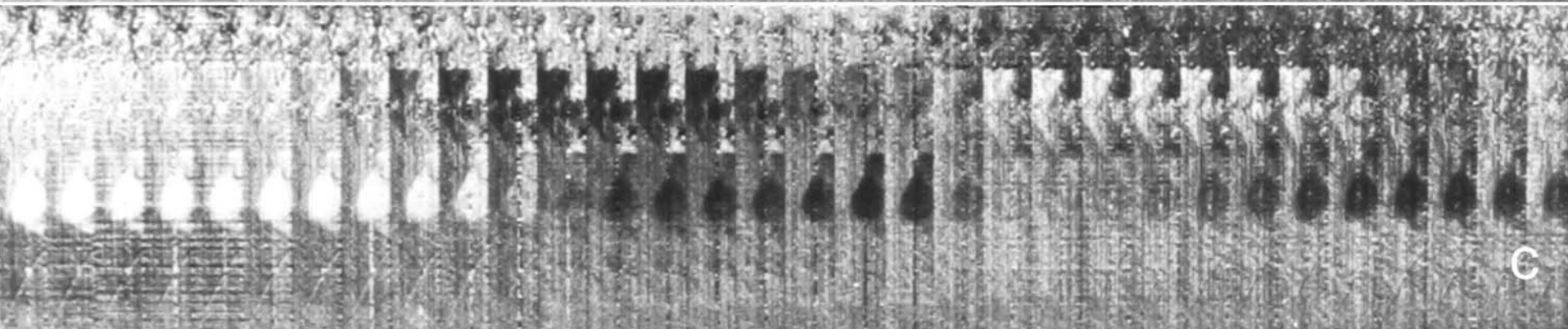
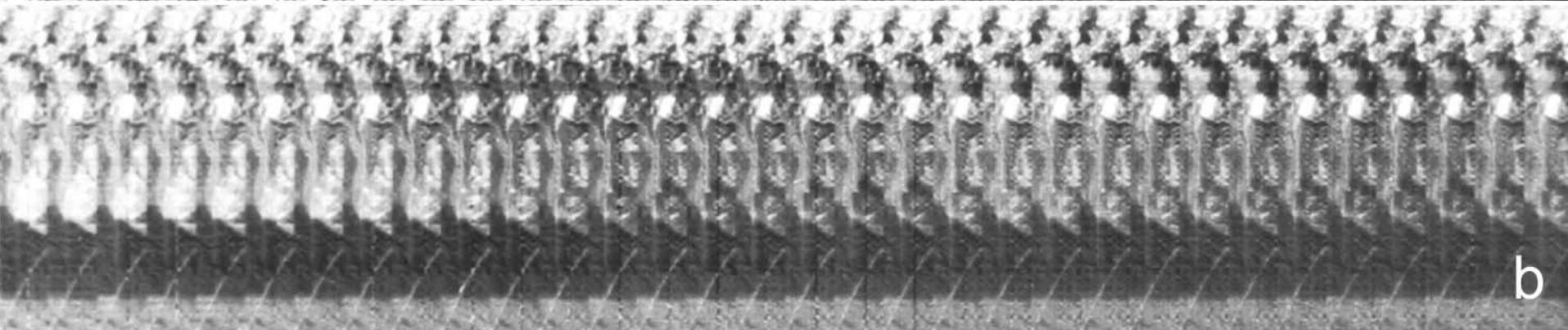
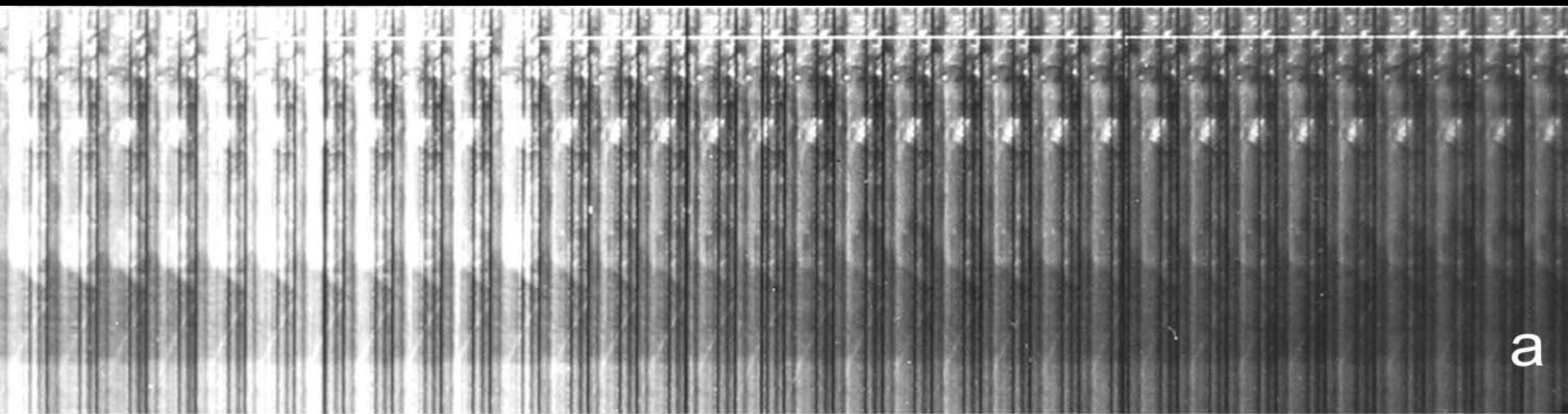


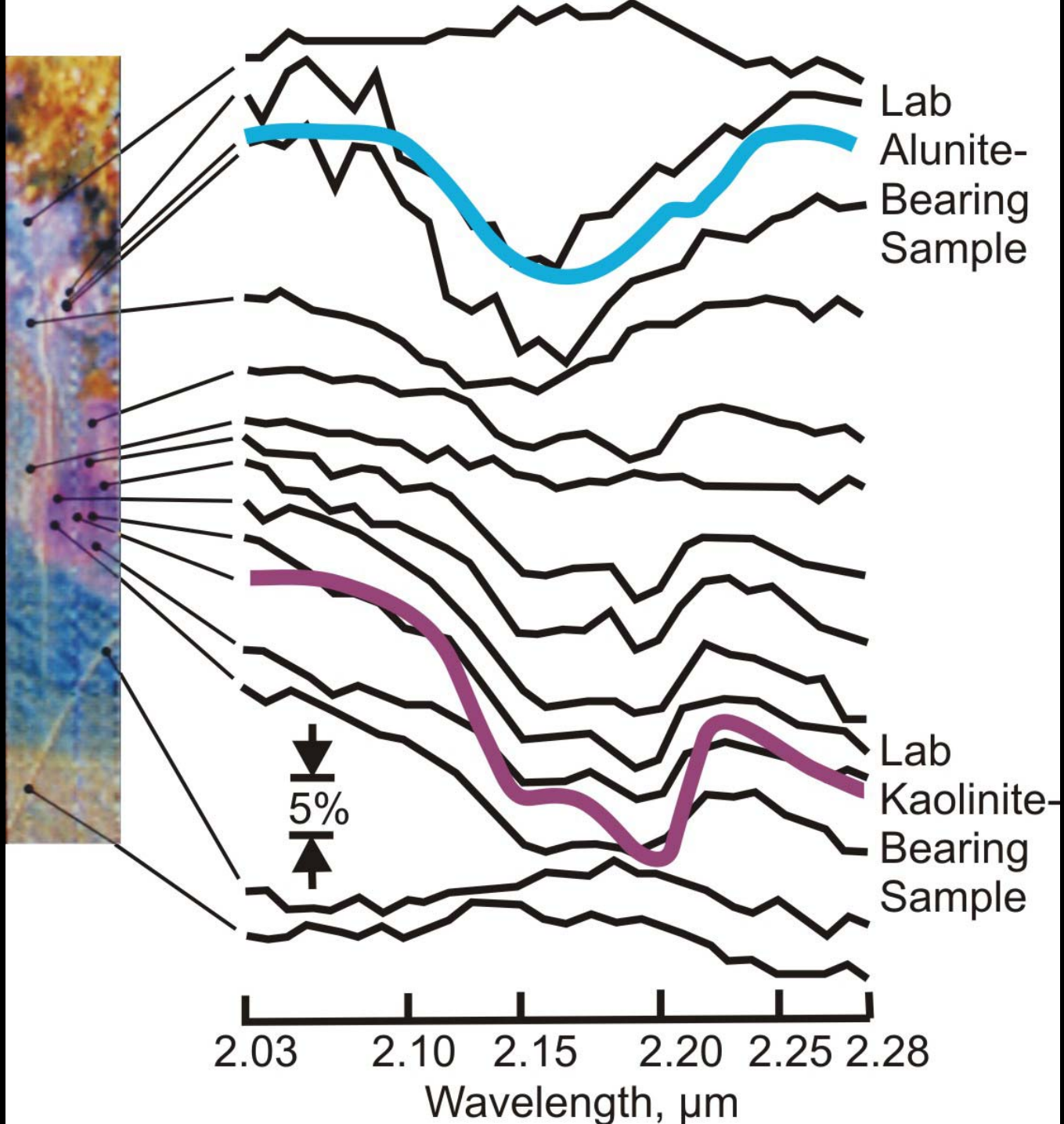
NASA  
707

N707NA







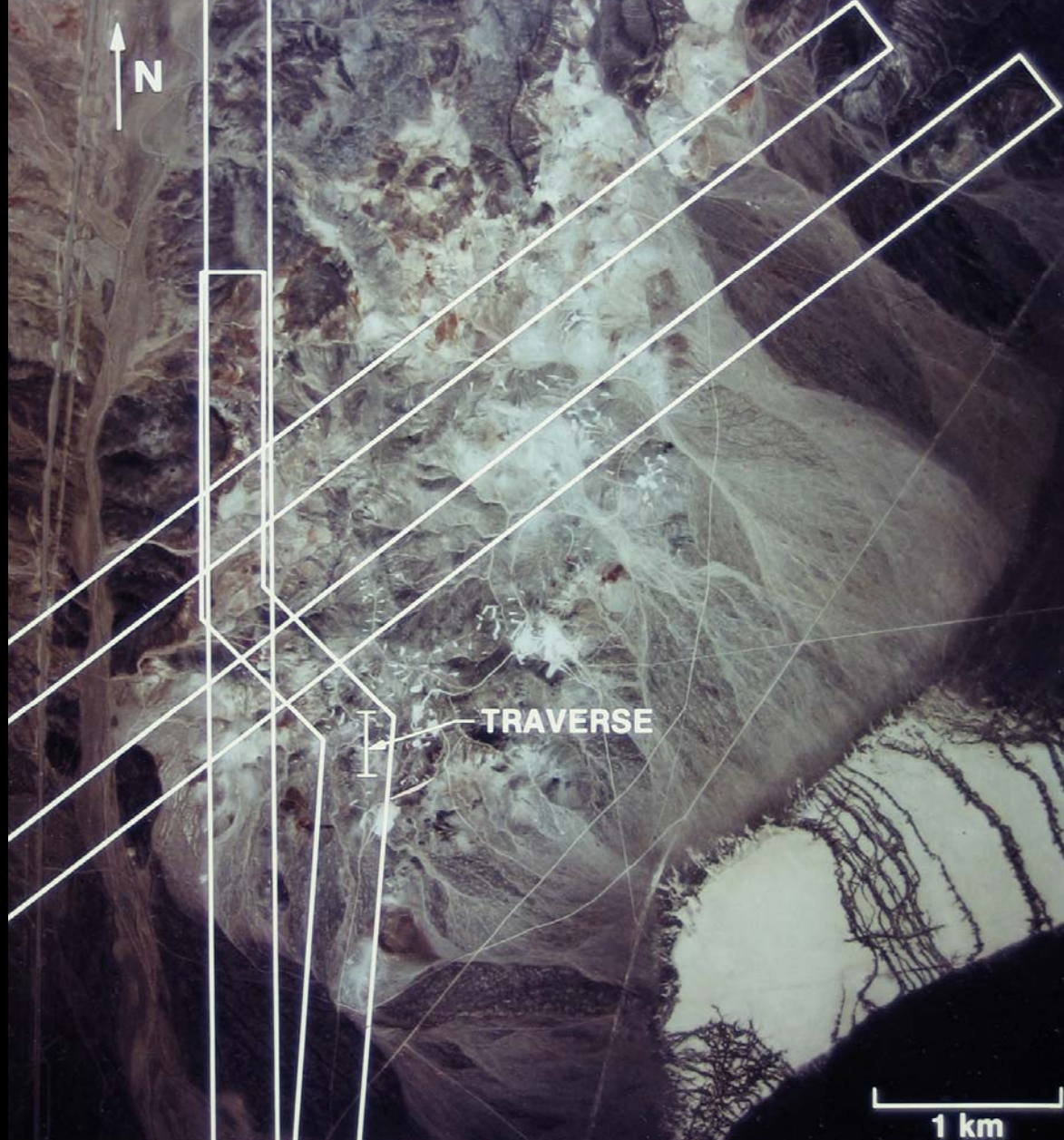




# First Publications

- Vane, G., A.F.H. Goetz and J. Wellman, 1984, Airborne Imaging Spectrometer: a new tool for remote sensing, *IEEE Transactions on International Geoscience and Remote Sensing*, vol. GE-22, 546-549
- Goetz, A.F.H., G. Vane, J. Solomon and B.N. Rock, 1985, Imaging spectrometry for Earth remote sensing, *Science*, vol. 228, 1147-1153.
  - First mention of the term “hyperspectral”

# CUPRITE, NEVADA AIS COVERAGE

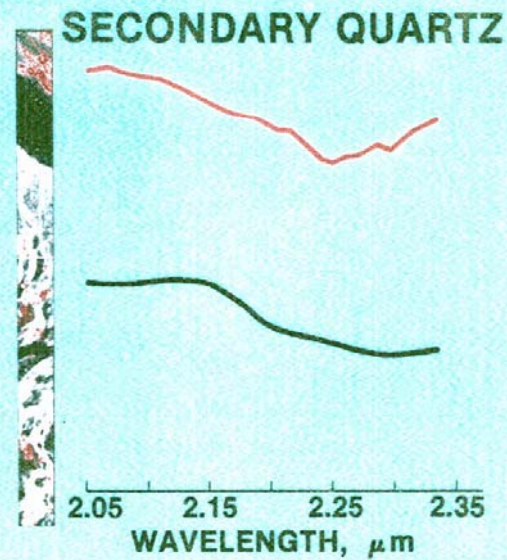
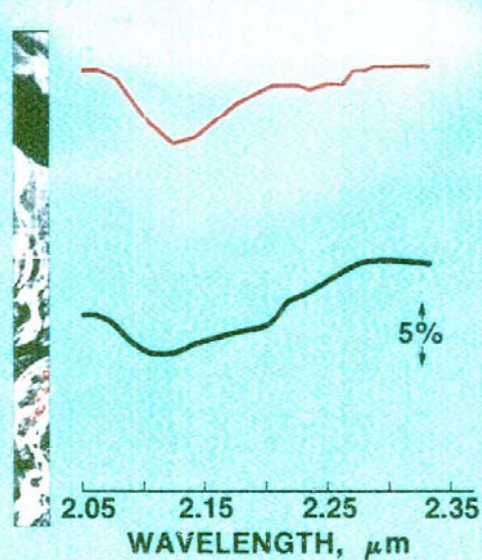
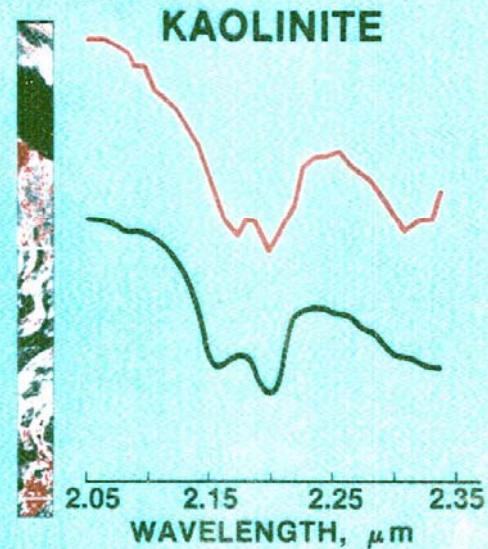
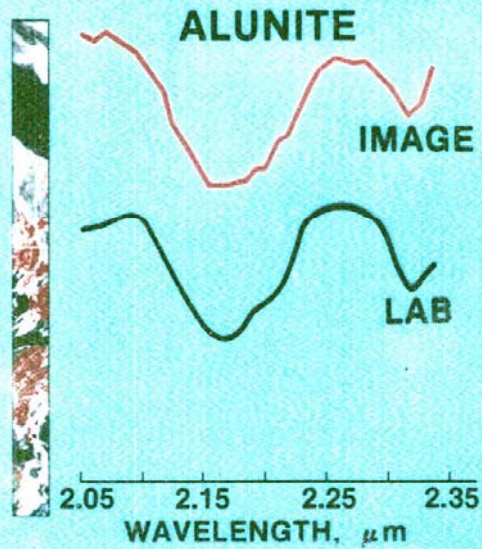


TRAVERSE

1 km

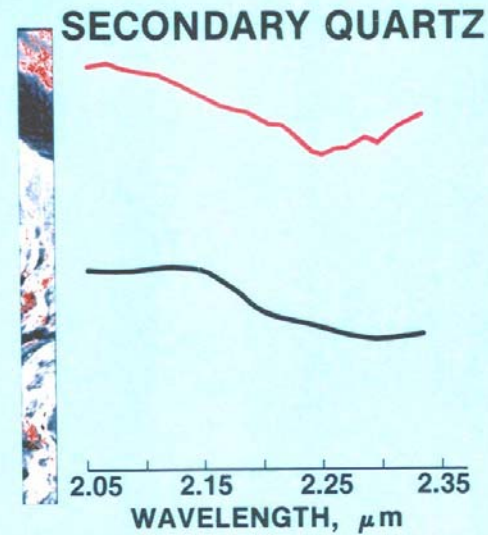
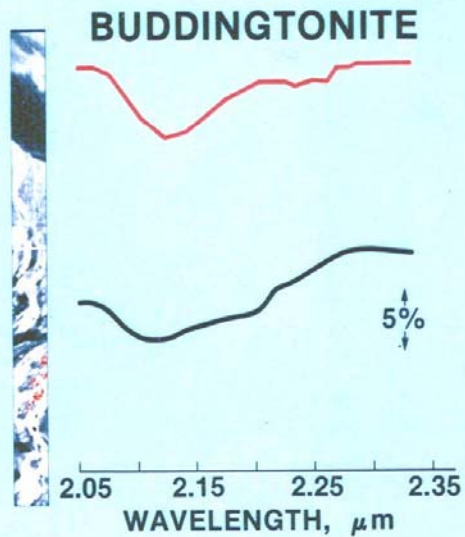
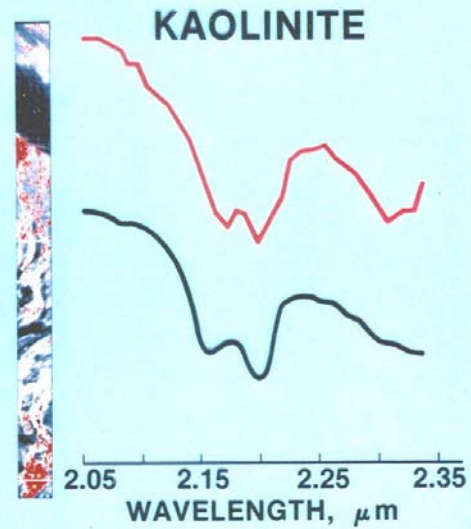
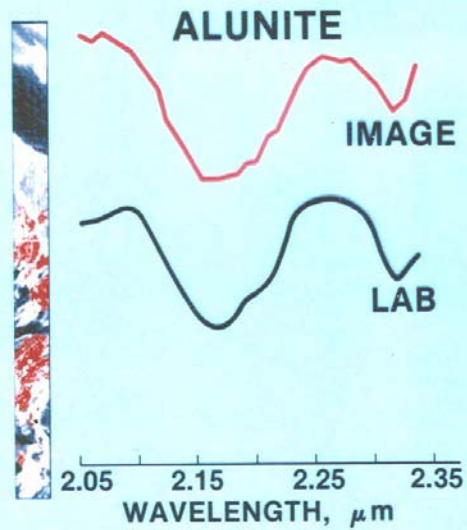


# CUPRITE MINING DISTRICT, NEVADA





# CUPRITE MINING DISTRICT, NEVADA



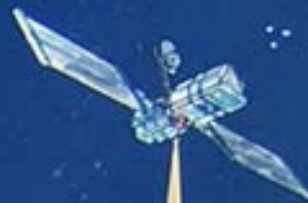


	<u>SPECTRAL REGION, <math>\mu\text{m}</math></u>	<u>No. BANDS</u>	<u>WIDTH nm</u>	<u>SWATH</u>	<u>IFOV</u>
<b>AIS</b>	1.2 - 2.4	128	9.6	320 m	10 m
<b>AVIRIS</b>	0.4 - 2.4	224	9.6	11 km	20 m
<b>SISEX</b>	0.4 - 2.5	196	11	12 km	30 m
<b>HIRIS</b>	0.4 - 2.5	196	11	50 km	30 m



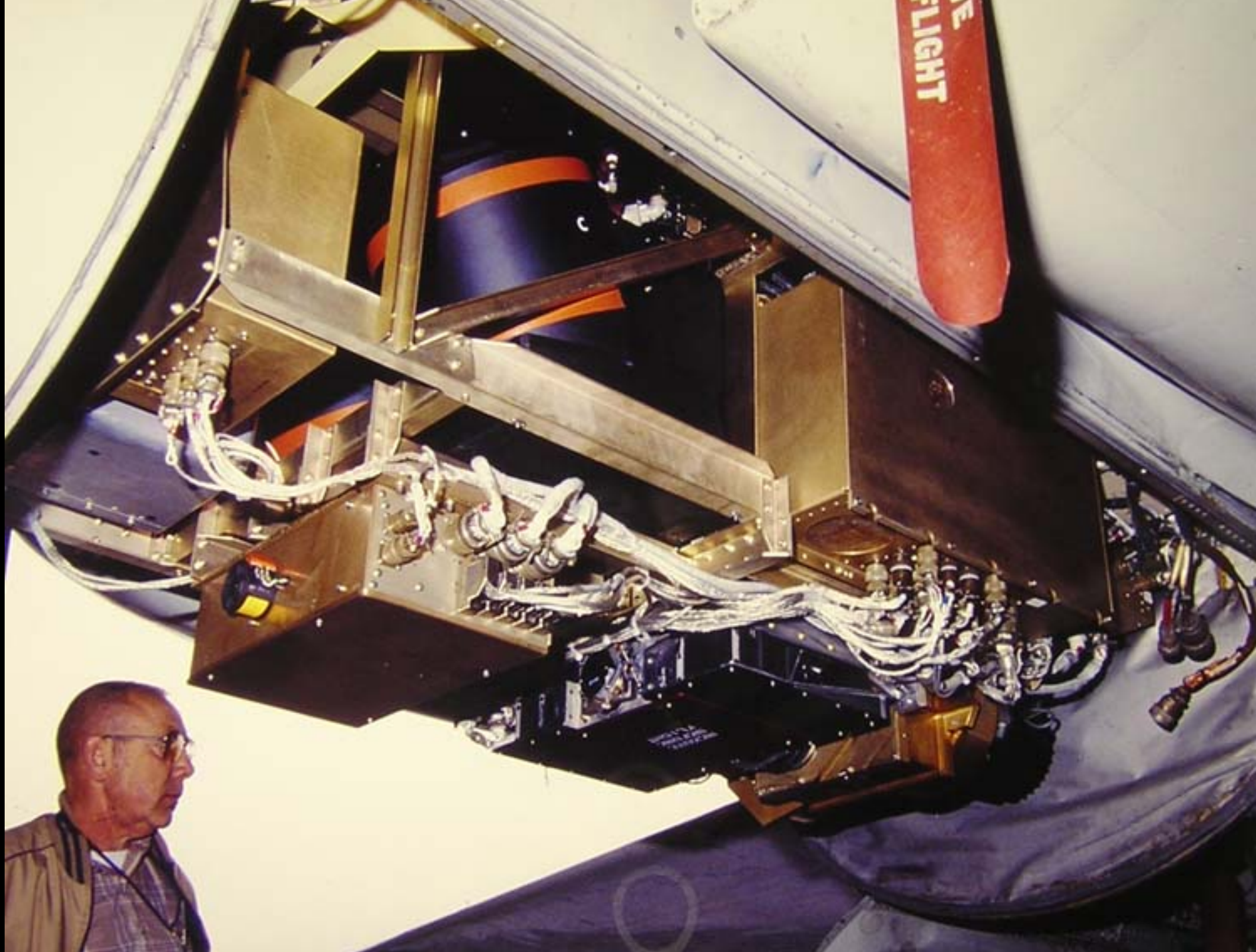
**JPL**

# IMAGING SPECTROMETER SENSORS

**1983  
AIS****1987  
AVIRIS****1991  
SISEX****1995  
HIRIS**

	<u>SPECTRAL REGION, <math>\mu\text{m}</math></u>	<u>No. BANDS</u>	<u>WIDTH nm</u>	<u>SWATH</u>	<u>IFOV</u>
<b>AIS</b>	1.2 - 2.4	128	9.6	320 m	10 m
<b>AVIRIS</b>	0.4 - 2.4	224	9.6	11 km	20 m
<b>SISEX</b>	0.4 - 2.5	192	11	12 km	30 m
<b>HIRIS</b>	0.4 - 2.5	192	11	50 km	30 m





# HIGH RESOLUTION IMAGING SPECTROMETER (HIRIS)

## TEAM LEADER

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## TEAM MEMBERS

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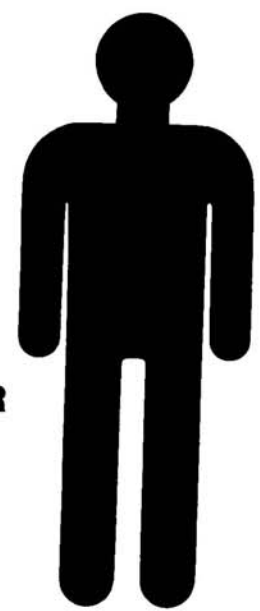
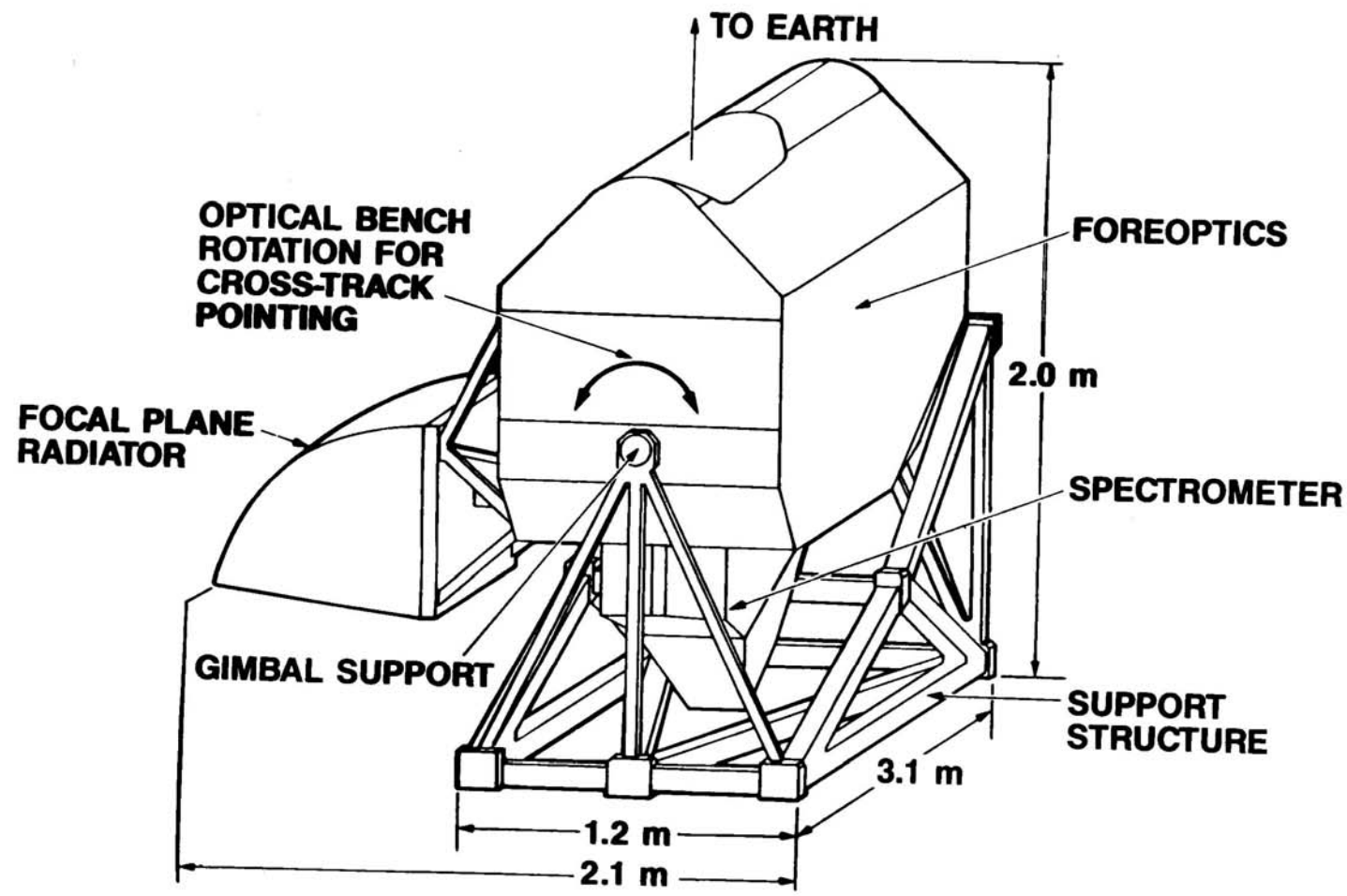
Lawrence C. Rowan  
U.S.G.S., Reston

Susan L. Ustin  
University of California, Davis

Ronald M. Welch  
South Dakota School of Mining  
and Technology

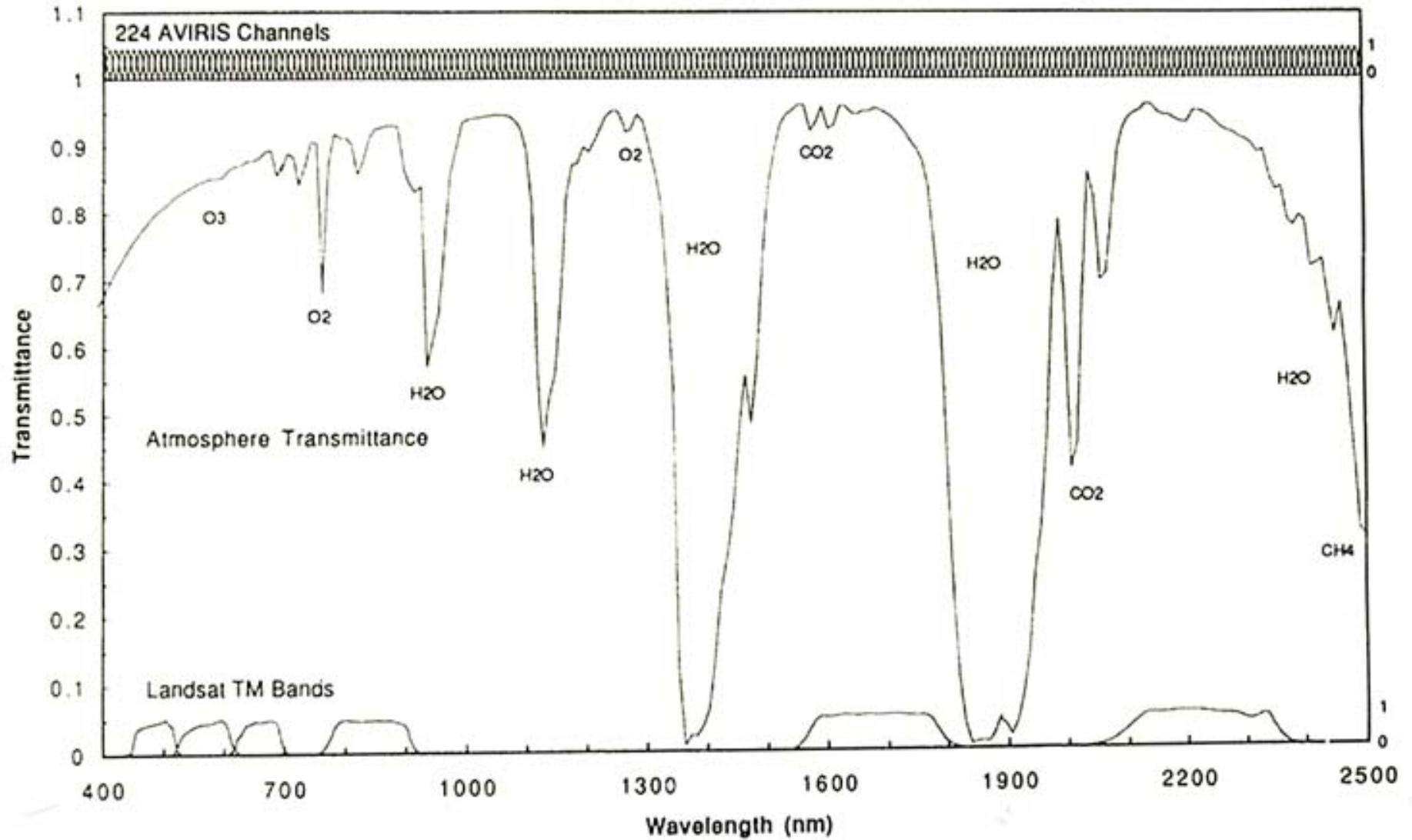
**JPL**

# HIRIS CONCEPTUAL LAYOUT





# AVIRIS, TM Spectral Measurements



AVIRIS: Water Vapor 15 Minute Interval Time Series Over Rogers Dry Lake, CA on 18 May 1993

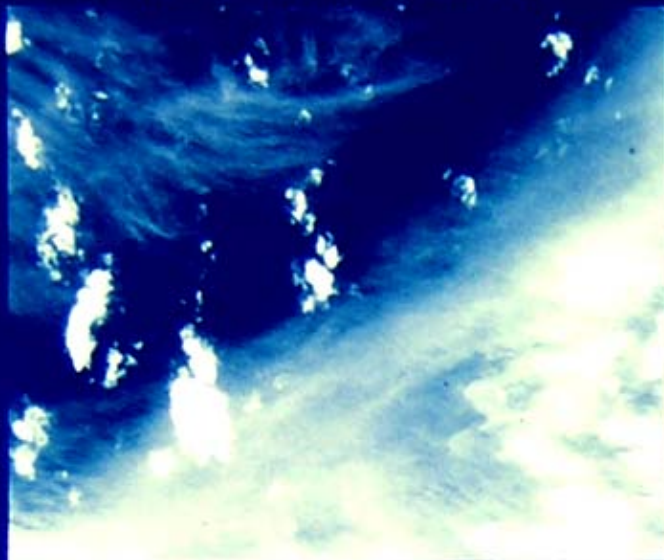


# Water Vapor Retrieval and Correction

- First paper on calculating water vapor in 1988 AVIRIS Proceedings by Jim Conel, Rob Green et al.
- Gao & Goetz, 1990 JGR paper on water vapor and liquid water retrievals
- Gao, Heidebrecht & Goetz 1993 RSE paper describing ATREM

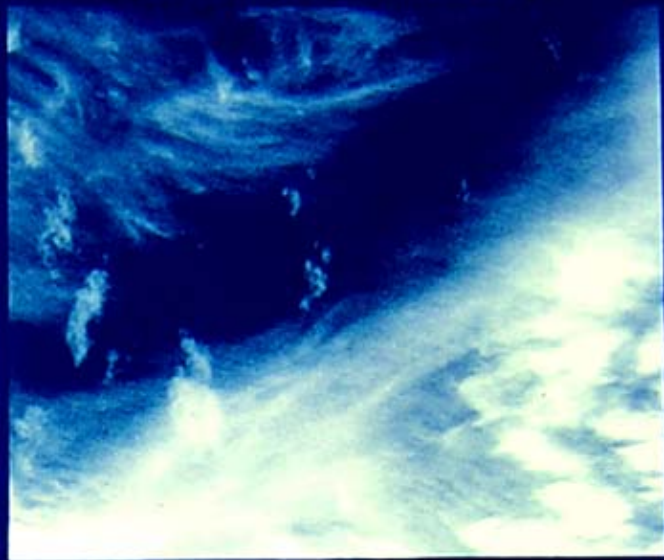


CLOUD IMAGE OVER GULF OF MEXICO (12/5/91)  
(0.56 um, B17, RUN: 03, SEG: 04)



(CSES/U. OF COLORADO)

CLOUD IMAGE OVER GULF OF MEXICO (12/5/91)  
(1.35 um, B108, RUN: 03, SEG: 04)



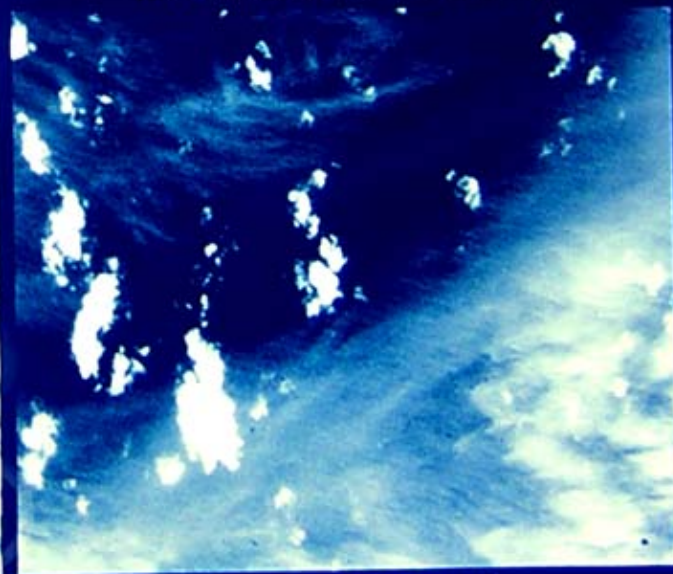
(CSES/U. OF COLORADO)

CLOUD IMAGE OVER GULF OF MEXICO (12/5/91)  
(1.38 um, B111, RUN: 03, SEG: 04)



(CSES/U. OF COLORADO)

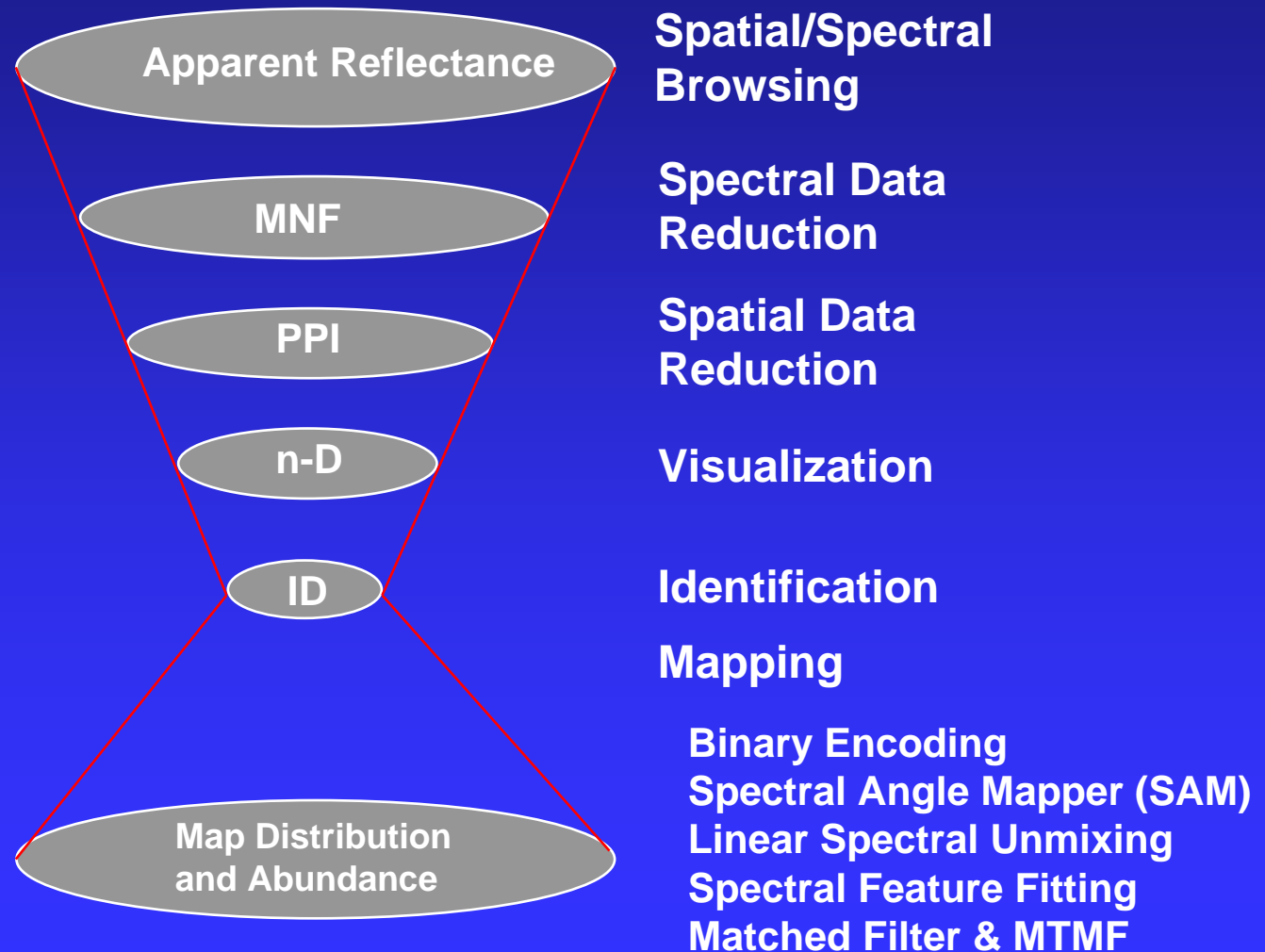
CLOUD IMAGE OVER GULF OF MEXICO (12/5/91)  
(1.50 um, B123, RUN: 03, SEG: 04)



(CSES/U. OF COLORADO)

# “Hourglass” Approach

## End-to-End Hyperspectral Processing

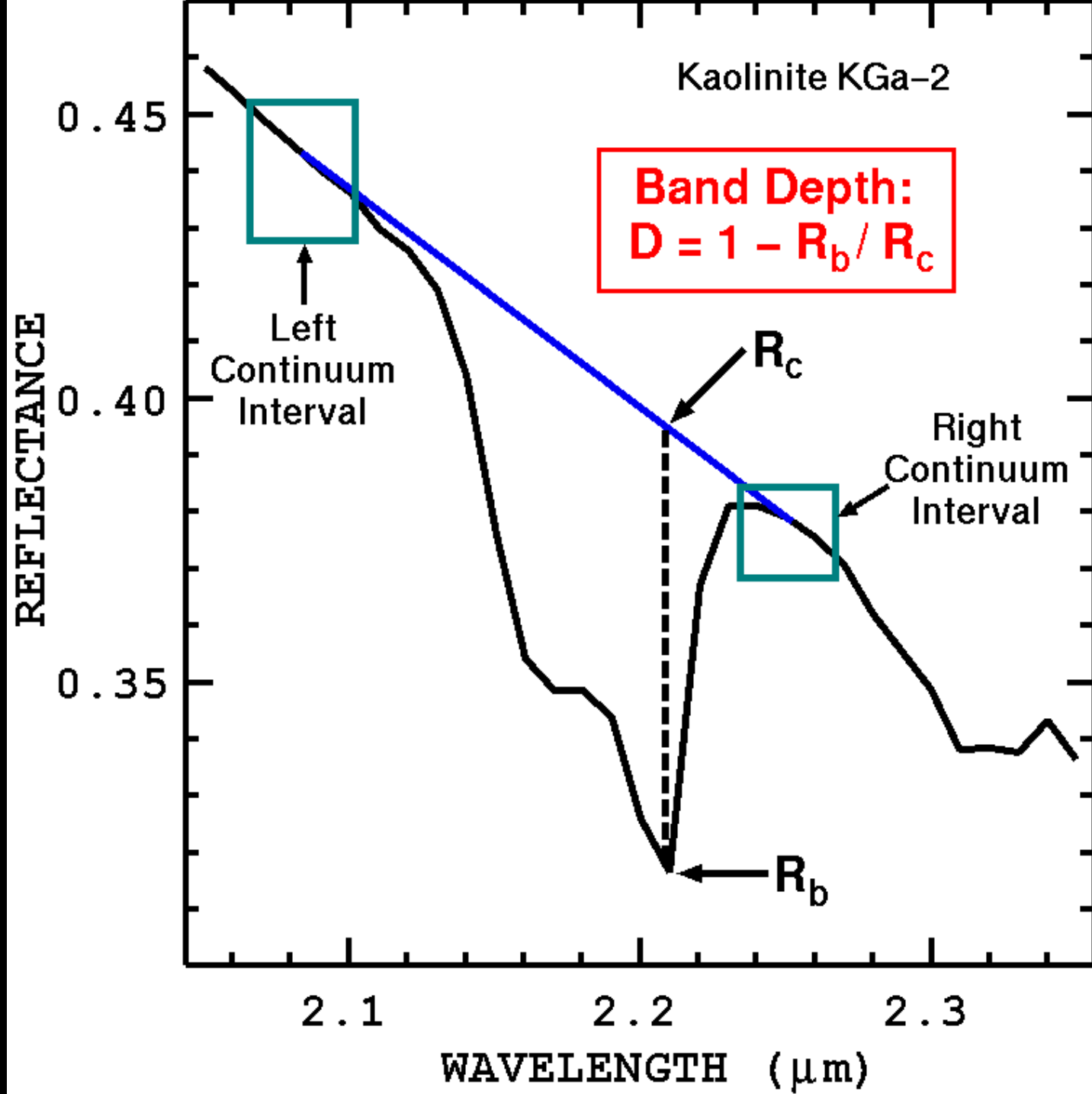


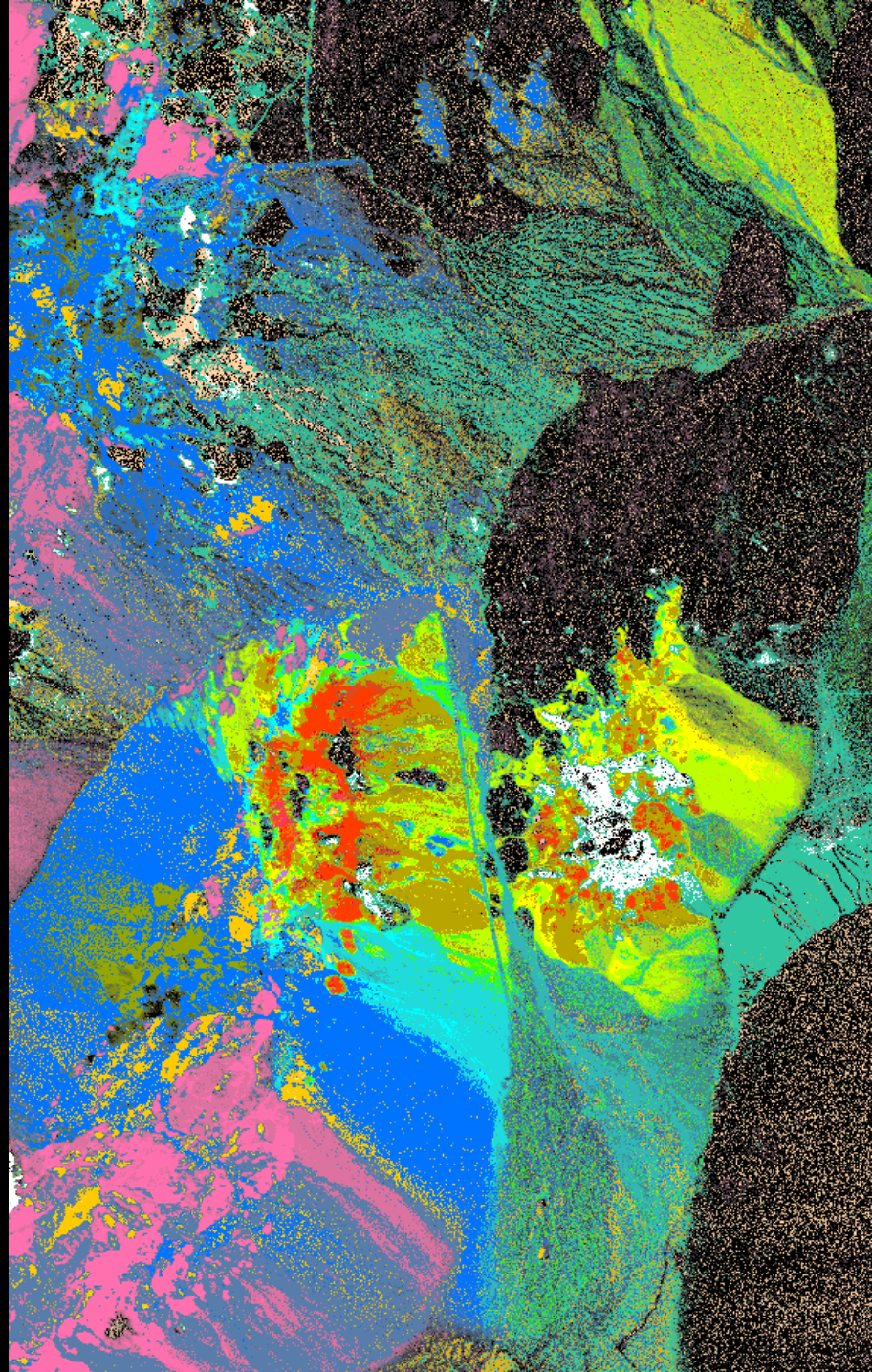


# Field Verification: Subpixel Detection and Abundance - 3m x 3m Dolomite









# Cuprite, Nevada

AVIRIS 1995 Data

USGS

Clark & Swayze

Tetracorder 3.3 product

## Sulfates

- K-Alunite 150c
- K-Alunite 250c
- K-Alunite 450c
- Na82-Alunite 100c
- Na40-Alunite 400c
- Jarosite
- Alunite+Kaolinite  
and/or Muscovite

## Kaolinite group clays

- Kaolinite, wxl
- Kaolinite, pxl
- Kaolinite+smectite  
or muscovite
- Halloysite
- Dickite

## Carbonates

- Calcite
- Calcite +Kaolinite
- Calcite +  
montmorillonite

## Clays

- Na-Montmorillonite
- Nontronite (Fe clay)

## other minerals

- low-Al muscovite
- med-Al muscovite
- high-Al muscovite
- Chlorite+Musc, Mont
- Chlorite
- Buddingtonite
- Chalcedony: OH Qtz
- Pyrophyllite +Alunite

2 km

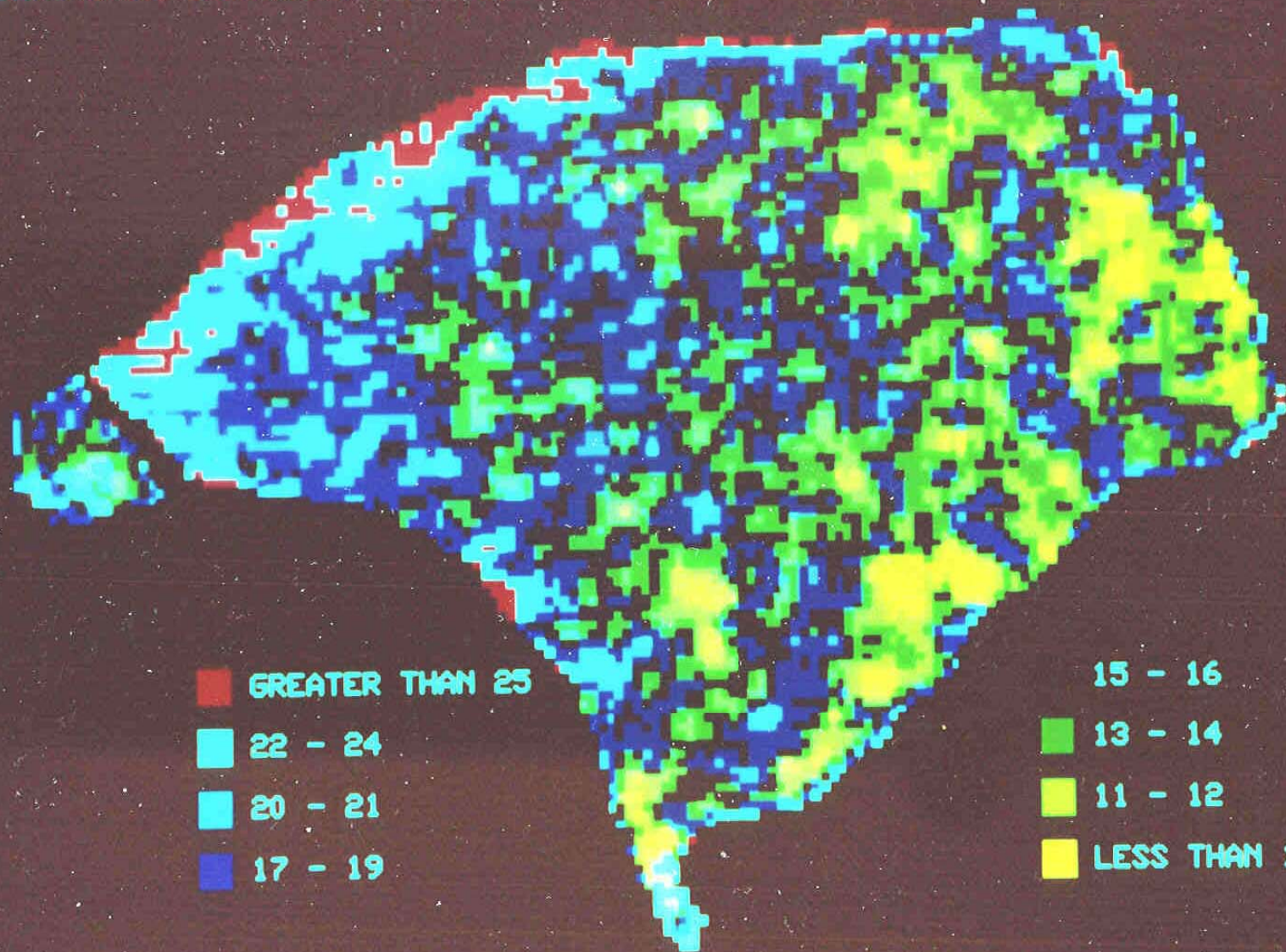


# Regression Techniques

- Wessman CA, Aber JD, Peterson DL, 1988, Remote-sensing of canopy chemistry and nitrogen cycling in temperate forest ecosystems, *Nature*, 335 (6186): 154-156
- Martin, ME, Aber, JD, 1997, High spectral resolution remote sensing of forest canopy lignin, nitrogen, and ecosystem processes, *Ecological Applications*, 7, 431-443



# BLACKHAWK ISLAND, WISCONSIN



■ GREATER THAN 25  
■ 22 - 24  
■ 20 - 21  
■ 17 - 19

■ 15 - 16  
■ 13 - 14  
■ 11 - 12  
■ LESS THAN 10

PERCENT FOREST CANOPY LIGNIN

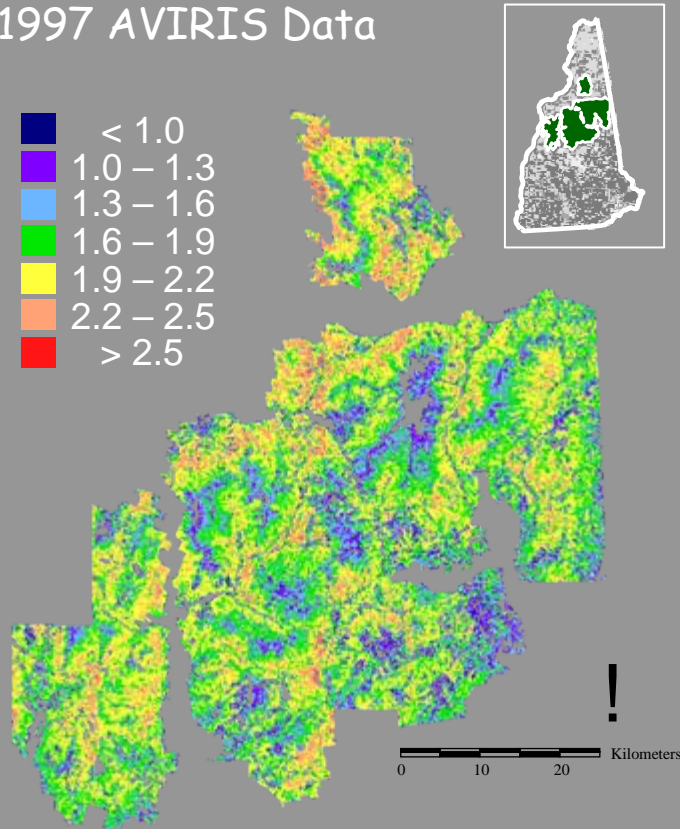


# Linking leaf chemistry and image data: AVIRIS

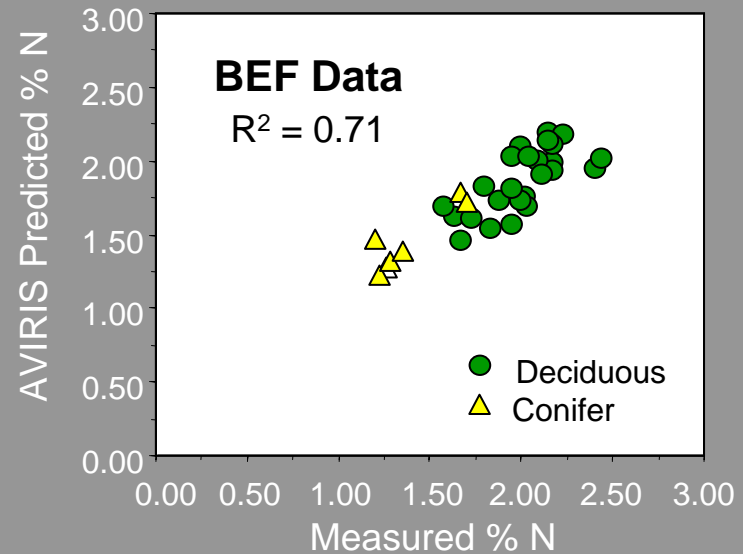
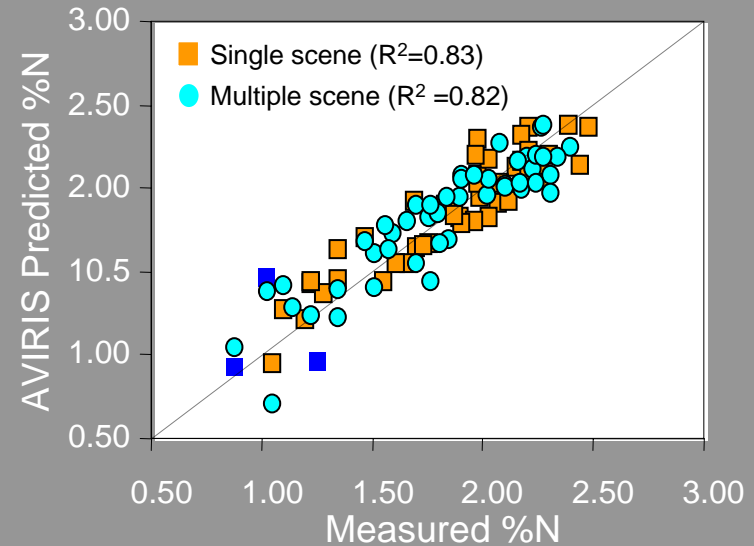
## AVIRIS % N estimation using Partial Least Squares regression



### Estimated Canopy % N 1997 AVIRIS Data



Smith, Ollinger et al., Ecol. Appl. (2002)



White Mountain National Forest

# EO-1

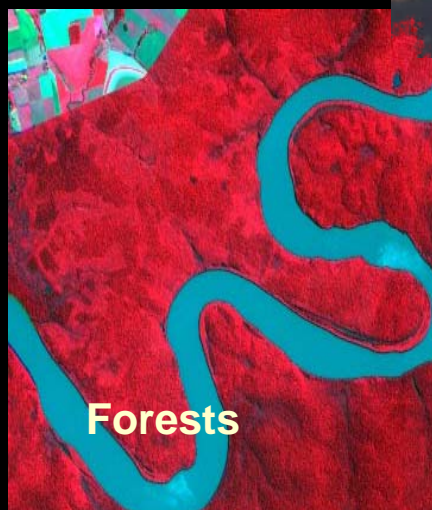
NASA/GSFC



Agriculture



Volcanoes



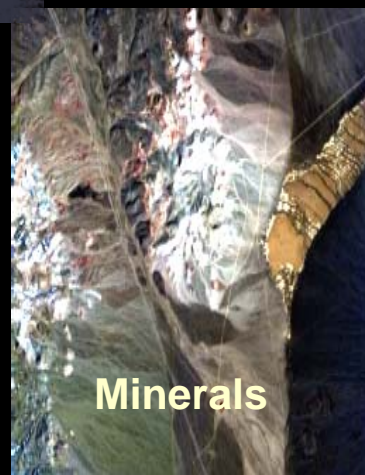
Forests



Littoral



Deserts

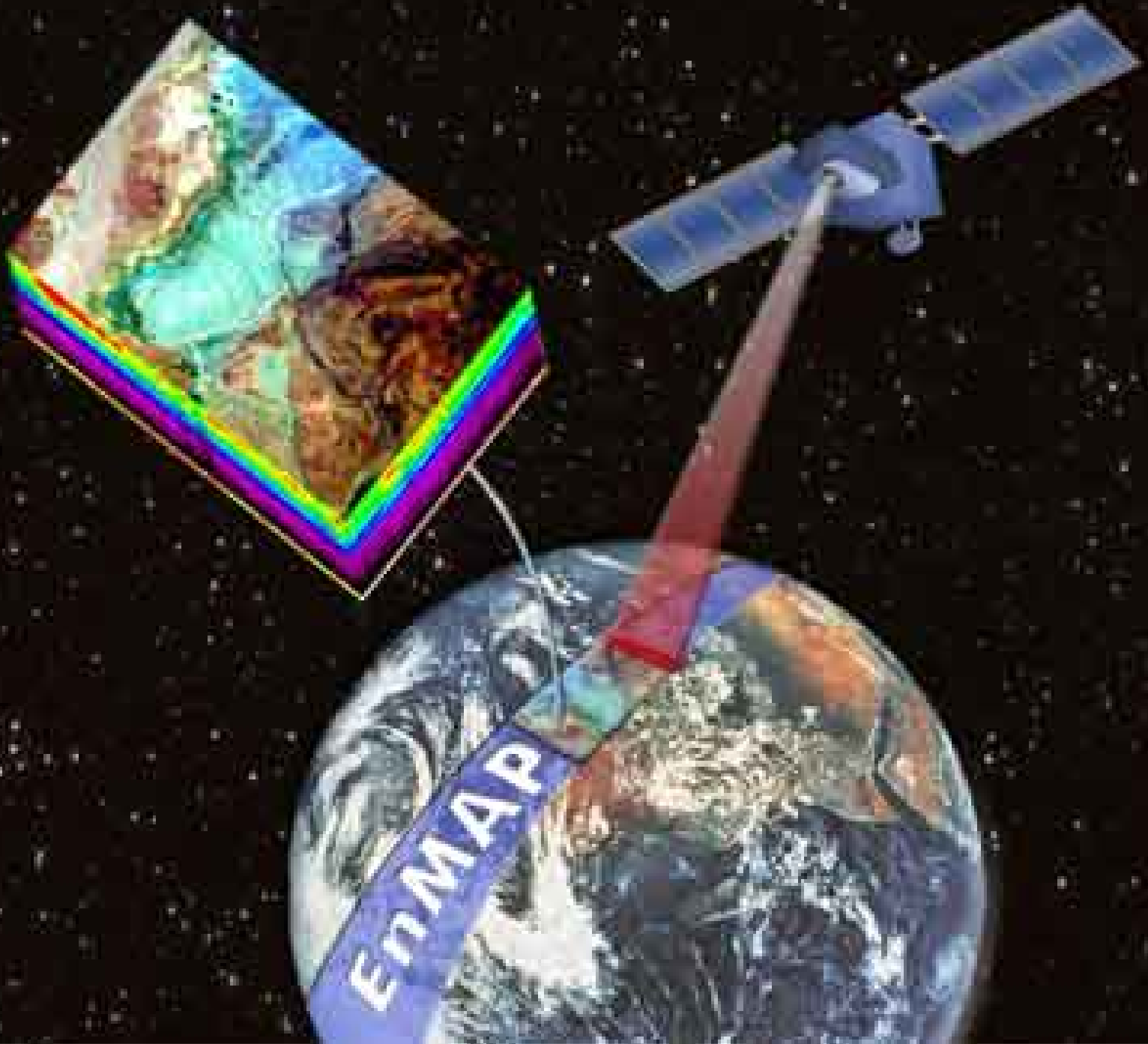


Minerals



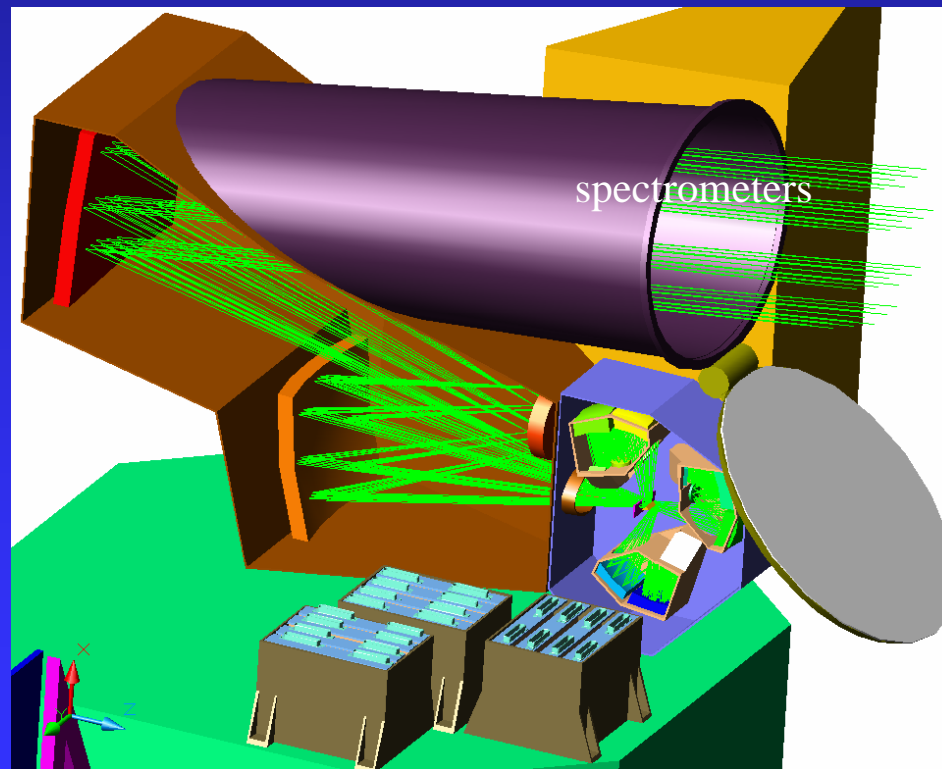
# The Future

- Imaging spectrometers for planetary missions
- NASA not planning any for Earth yet
- Hyperion still functioning
- Rest of the world is active
  - Canada – HERO
  - Germany EnMAP
  - Italy – HYPISIO
  - Japan – HYPEREX
  - So. Africa/Belgium - ?



# FLORA Spectrometer – 3D Mechanical Rendition

Telescope

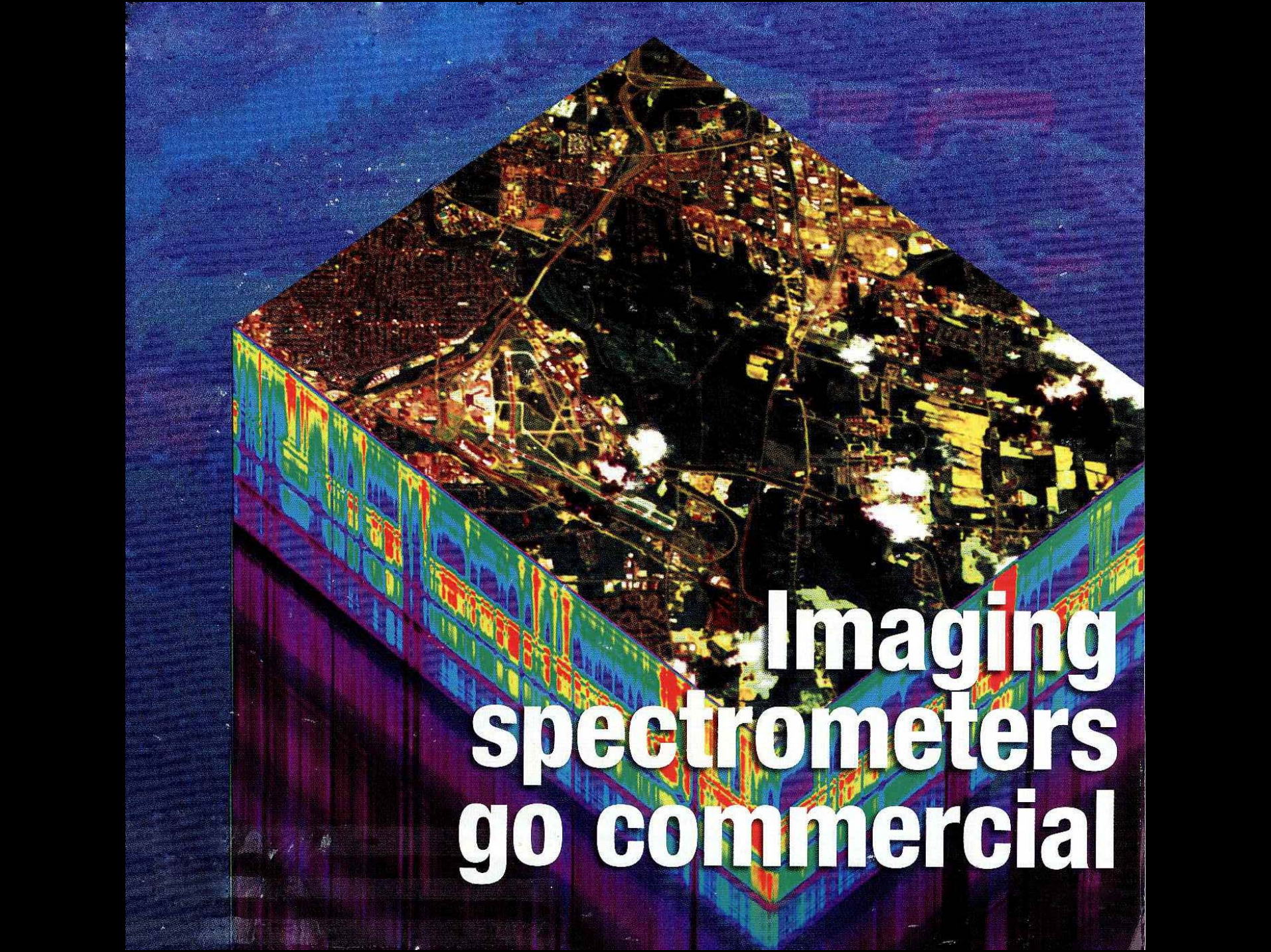


Electronics

Telescope door  
w/ calibration  
surface







**Imaging  
spectrometers  
go commercial**



# Some Observations From the Last 27 Years

- Visionaries are bailed out by technological advances
- Pioneers get shot in the back
- SNR rules!
- New stuff is always too expensive
- Keep plugging. Somebody will make something positive happen just to get you out of their hair