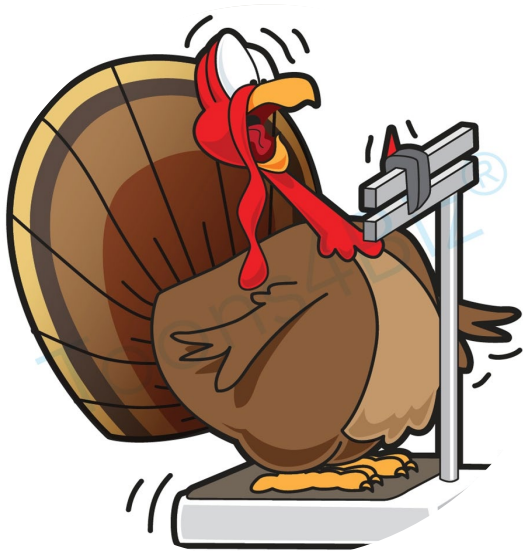


# Body Weight Prediction of Turkeys - From Walk to Mass

Jos Hageman,

July 4<sup>th</sup> 2019, Breed4Food Seminar



# Topic of SWI 2019

- **What is SWI?**

The Study Group Mathematics with Industry (SWI) is a combined industrial–academic week-long workshop sponsored by NWO.

- Roughly seventy mathematicians work in groups on problems submitted by companies. Companies present a selection of problems on Monday.
- The participants devote the entire week to studying these problems in smaller groups, and presents their results on Friday.



## SWI2019 Turkey Weight Team

Arjun Azadi  
Javier Fernandez  
Jos Hageman  
Alexander Mey  
Behrouz Raftari  
Oliver Sheridan-Methven  
Martin Stefanov  
Yang Zhou  
Elizabeth Zuniga  
&  
Bram Visser (HG)

**WISKUNDE MET  
DE INDUSTRIE 2019**

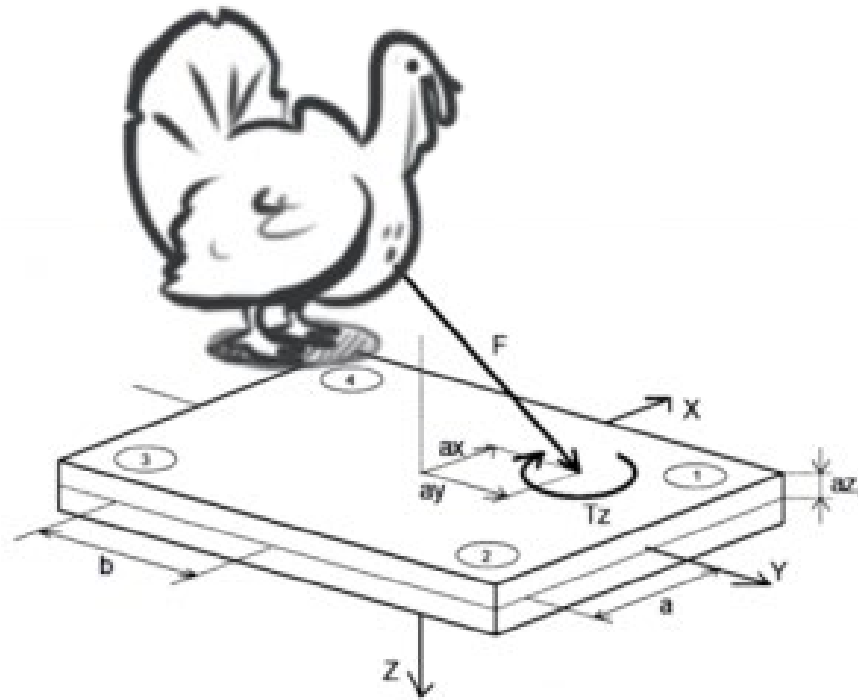
Clip at: <http://tiny.cc/gotoSWI>

# Turkey Body Weight Prediction

- Hendrix Genetics is a Dutch multi-species animal breeding, genetics and technology company
- One of the world's leading breeders and distributors of turkeys
- An important characteristic in turkey breeding is body weight.
- Interest is in a model that predicts turkey body weights using a force plate
- No more manually weighing the birds on a scale.

# Challenge

- develop an innovative model to predict body weight and maybe other features from the plate measurements

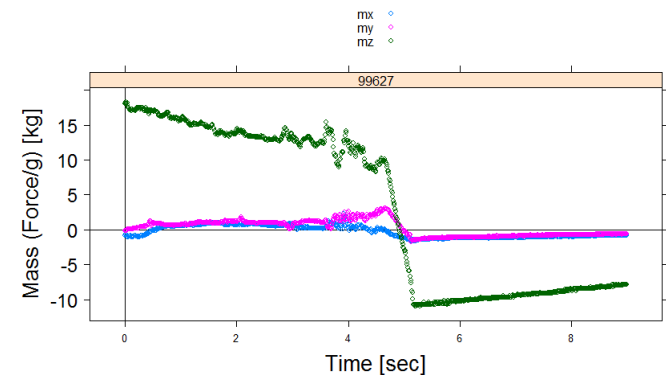
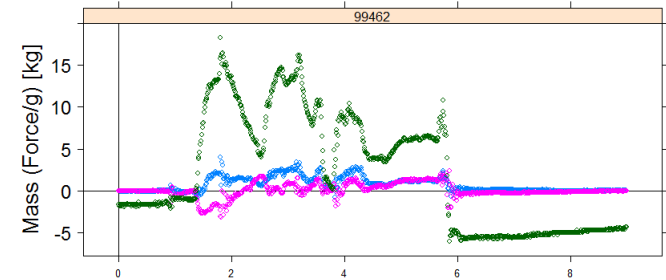
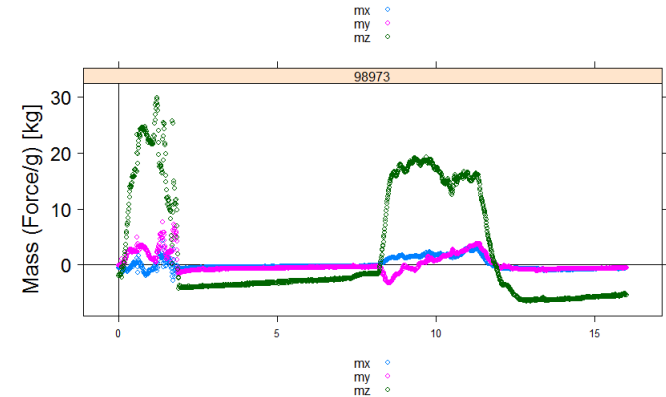
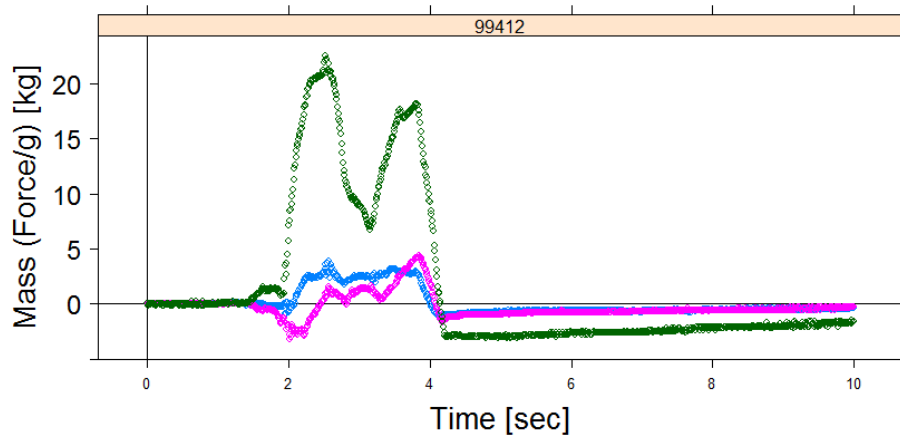


# The data

- ~200 turkeys from 2 bloodlines were walked individually through a corridor in which a force plate was placed.
- 8 force plate output voltages were captured
  - ~15 seconds at 100 Hz,
- Actual body weight of the birds was measured using a scale.



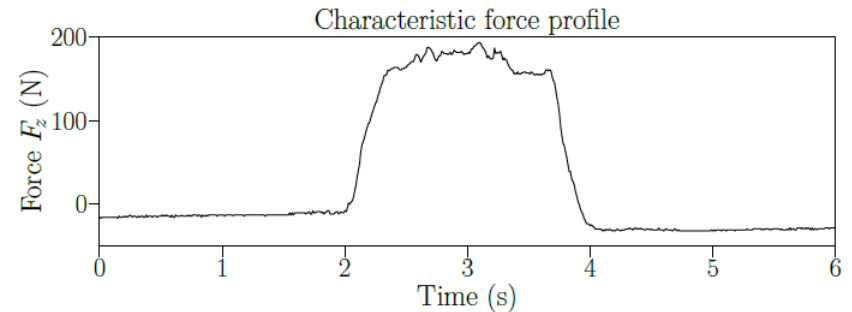
# The data



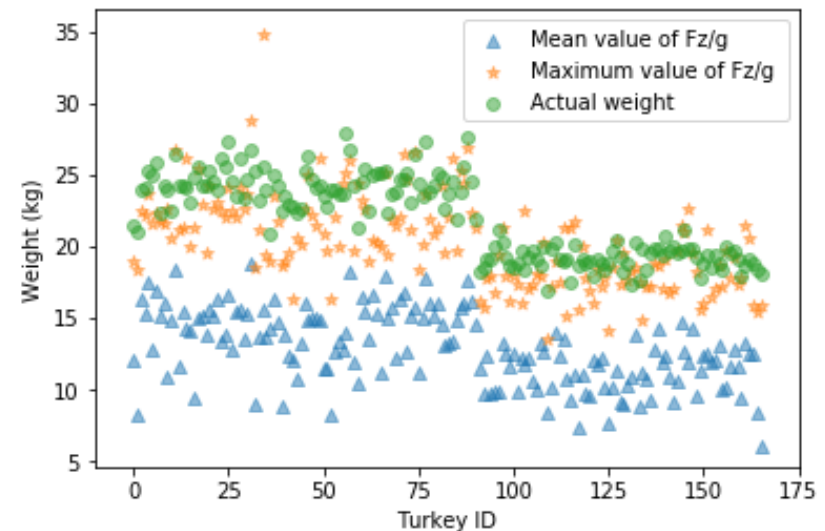
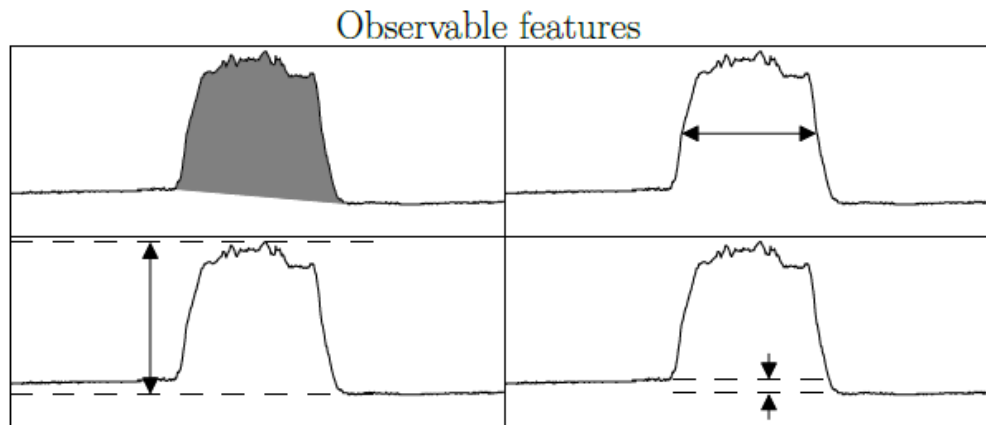
- 8 signals, line and weights of 183 turkeys
- Removed incomplete or bizarre time series
- Kept the data of 165 turkeys

# Approaches

- Forces in X, Y, Z direction
  - Mass  $\sim$  Z-Forces / g
  - Jumping?



- Feature extraction



# Methods

- Statistics / Machine Learning
  - Multiple linear regression
  - Random Forests
  - Bayesian Hypothesis testing
    - Updated learning with each pass over pressure plate
  - Sparse Bayesian GLM
  - ...
  - ...
  - ...



# Conclusions

- Performance for different models comparable
  - Large error  $\sim$  RMSE 0.96 - 1.1 kg
- Preprocessing important
- Feature extraction most influential
  - Fz is most important, other features give only marginal improvements

# Next steps

- Insights in use of pressure plate
  - For same animal
    - repeated walks
    - Standing still (if possible)
    - Info on walk itself (fast, slow, etc)
- Insight into signals for better feature extraction
  - Better preprocessing

